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from 3c to \$1.25. Between 10c and 25c.

We've the most important and interesting collection of good and pretty medium priced cotton fabrics we believe any store ever called attention to.

Zephyr Ginghams—20c kind, 32 inches wide, 12c—neat stripes, checks, plaids.

Finest French Percales—double fold, white grounds and light colors—fine splendid quality, 15c.

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Finest Imported Dimities—hundreds of styles—all choice late, new things, 15, 20, 25c.

Other splendid style Dimities, 10 and 12c.

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Unusually choice kinds at 50, 75, \$1.00.

All new, made in the latest prettiest style—neat choice. Lawns in the 50 and 75 lines—Lawns, Dimities and Percales in the dollar line—best shirt waists for the money ever this store sold, all have detached collar, some of white linen, others of same material as the waists, soft, turn-back cuffs. Hundreds of different colorings and patterns.

Order by mail and trust us to send satisfactory ones—what you don't like send back—don't forget to enclose 10c each for postage, and to state size wanted.

Other shirt waists at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00

TO \$7.50.

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The Sunshine State

Is the title of a generously illustrated pamphlet of sixteen pages in reference to South Dakota, the reading matter in which was written by an enthusiastic South Dakota lady—Mrs. Stella Hosmer Arnold—who has been a resident of the Sunshine State for over ten years. A copy will be mailed to the address of any farmer or farmer's wife, if sent at once to Wm. Kelly, Jr., Traveling Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, 220 Elliott Square, Buffalo, N. Y.

Now is the time to subscribe.

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LAWRENCE TOWNSHIP.

Imposing Events at Canal Fulton and Newman.

THE MEMORIAL DAY SERVICES.

Large Crowds Attend and Listen with Attention to Eloquent Addresses by the Rev. J. N. Kiefer, of Wooster, and Robert H. Day, of Massillon.

CANAL FULTON, June 2.—Memorial Day was observed here Monday, and the exercises were attended by one of the largest crowds ever seen here on a similar occasion. On Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock an appropriate Memorial Day sermon was preached to a large audience at the M. E. church by the Rev. R. M. Yoder. On Monday at 1 p. m., with the streets thronged with people, a procession, arranged as follows, was formed at the town hall: Manchester band, Fulton G. A. R. Post, C. M. B. A. society with their distinctive badges, Jr. O. U. A. M. with the insignia of their society, school girls dressed in white, carrying flowers, teachers and citizens. The procession first moved to the Catholic cemetery, where, after decorating the graves, a number of appropriate recitations were given by pupils of the parochial schools. "Barbara Fritchie" was nicely recited in concert by six young girls dressed in white. The procession then re-formed and marched in the same order to the union cemetery, where an immense crowd had assembled. The graves of thirty-eight soldiers were here strewn with flowers, after which a stirring and patriotic address was delivered by the Rev. I. N. Kiefer, of Wooster.

He dwelt upon the importance of impressing upon the minds of the rising generations the causes that led to the war, the sacrifices it cost and the priceless boon those sacrifices secured for them, namely, an undivided country, free from the cause of slavery and from all sectional feeling. Excellent music was rendered by a male quartette and a quartette of young ladies from the Clinton high school. Mr. and Mrs. I. M. Taggart, spent the day here among friends.

We congratulate the citizens of Massillon upon the magnificent gifts recently bestowed on them for the purpose of founding and maintaining a public library. The generous donors can rear themselves no monuments so magnificent and imperishable as they have done by these bequests, for the memory of these gifts and their results will live long after the finest marble shaft is forgotten or crumbles to decay. Fortunately, indeed, is the community that numbers among its citizens such public benefactors.

THE DAY AT NEWMAN.

NEWMAN, June 2.—The Decoration Day exercises Sunday were favored with the largest crowd of people our village ever had on similar occasions. Massillon and West Brookfield friends responded nobly to the invitation to be present and our only regret was that the church building was inadequate to accommodate all our friends. Capt. R. B. Crawford, as has been his custom for many years, decorated Ben Findley's grave who was a member of his company, and the relatives of the late Henry Huber remembered his custom for years and sent flowers to decorate the grave of his friend, John Morris. The following program was rendered:

Song, "The Heroes Who Rest" by the male quartette.
Prayer by A. S. Williams.
Song, "My Him Low," by mixed quartette.
Recitation, "Our Flag," by Stella Jenkins.
Recitation, "Paul Revere's Ride," by Maggie Richards.
Recitation, "Let Us Rejoice," by Eliza Aston.
Recitation, "Unknown Grave," by Maggie Richards.
Song by choir, "We Mourn on Memorial Day."

Wm. Forrest, an old veteran, then made a few remarks, principally to his old comrades, and concluded by bringing music out of the forest. Robt. H. Day, of Massillon, was then introduced and delivered an able address appropriate to the occasion which was listened to with marked attention by all present.

His remarks were pointed and concise and gave general satisfaction. The exercises were then closed by prayer of E. W. DeHoff. The procession then formed and marched to the cemetery, the Knights of Labor lodge in the lead. The school children under the supervision of Teacher D. W. Walter, presented a fine appearance, arriving at the cemetery. Eleven graves were decorated; one of the war of 1812, one of the Mexican war and nine of the war of the rebellion. As will be noticed the number of our dead soldiers is increasing as each Memorial day comes around, and as time rolls on we should never forget or allow our soldier whether he be dead or alive.

Miss Sarah Prosser started Tuesday morning for a tour through England and South Wales and expects to remain about one year. She will spend most of her time with relatives of her father, Mr. John Prosser, who spent his youthful days on the other side of Wales. A large number of our people attended Memorial Day exercises at Massillon, on Monday.

J. Augustus Bernower, an old Lawrence township boy, but now of Canton, was around last Thursday informing his friends that he is a candidate for county recorder, subject, however, to the decision of the Democratic primary election, which, to say the least, is very uncertain. Mrs. Elizabeth Edwards is visiting for a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth James, and family, at Massillon. William Alley, of Canton, was a guest at the Ralston residence last week. Miss May Griffiths attended the high school commencement exercises at Navarre, last Saturday, her cousin, Miss Maria Thomas, being one of the graduates. Mrs. Joshua Davis, who had an operation performed on her some time ago, is again a very sick woman. Ferris McFarren is doing some drilling for Capt. Everhard, of Massillon, on the old Bammerlin farm, for clay, coal or anything good he can find. Will Aston, of this place, and Benjamin Edwards, of East Greenville, tried their horse's speed on the Stark county fair grounds for a purse of \$50 on Decoration Day. Will Aston won by a close margin in a heated contest. There will be a strawberry and ice cream festival held on the church lawn Saturday evening, June 5, the proceeds to go toward papering and painting the church building. Everybody invited to attend, the same being held under the auspices of the Sunday school.

GREEN TOWN, June 1.—To use the words of the Hon. Charles Krichbaum, who delivered the address to the class of '97 of the Greentown high school, Saturday evening, the commencement exercises were a literary festival, and all Lake township was there to make it a memorable one. The subjects of the graduates' orations were "Success or Failure," by Cloyd Shanafelt, "Drifting," by Olive Souders, and "Half Finished Work," by James Benjamin Dougherty, and no class ever did itself prouder. Supt. Syler announced each number of the programme, which included the good singing for which Greentown musical organizations are famous, invocation and benediction by the Rev. Mr. Kingsbury, and the happy and appropriate remarks of Dr. L. E. Dougherty, president of the board of education, who presented the graduates with their diplomas. The exercises were held in the Methodist Episcopal church, which, by the way, was quite inadequate to accommodate the many hundreds who sought admission. Among those who came early and secured good seats were Grace Brown, of the class of '97 of the Massillon high school; Zorah Miller, also a graduate and teacher; Miss Margaret Morgan, of the Massillon class of '96; Miss Nellie Waters, of the class of '96 of the Akron school, and Miss Josephine Miller.

It may interest some to know that the Greentown school building is one of the handsomest in Stark county, and though but now in its second year, the graded school, under the competent management of Supt. Syler, whose assistants are Margaret Morgan, of Massillon, and Miss Emma Leeson, of Canal Fulton, is making a place for itself among northeastern Ohio educational institutions.

ANOTHER COMMENCEMENT.

NEW BERLIN, June 1.—The commencement exercises of the class of '97, the eighth to be graduated from the New Berlin high school, were held in the Union church last Friday evening. Promptly at 8 o'clock the class, which consisted of four girls and four boys, filed into the audience room to the strains of a march rendered upon the piano by Miss Hoover, and took the seats provided for them. The graduates and the subjects of the orations delivered by them are as follows: Fred Krichbaum, "The World is Growing Better," Elsie Wise, "Power of Music," Bertha Kolp, "How to Enjoy Life," Harvey Sponseller, "Courage and Endurance," Paul Witman, "Cuban Liberty," Florence Shanafelt, "American Woman," Laura Kline, "A New World—A New Life," Joseph Warburton, "The Statesman." Each one of these young persons delivered their orations in a style which fully deserved the hearty applause given them. The music was furnished by the alumni and the high school under the efficient direction of the Rev. L. E. Kunkle. Prof. John M. Sarver, the speaker for the class, spoke earnestly to them on the subject of education and other appropriate matters. Taking it all in all, the commencement was one of the most successful of the season, and reflected much credit, not only upon the young ladies and gentlemen, but showed, in a most pleasant manner, the progress of education in the New Berlin schools under the superintendency of Prof. James A. Syler.

LETTER FROM BOLIVAR.

BOLIVAR, June 5.—At 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon fire broke out through the roof of John Ramsey's dwelling house, on Depot street. It is supposed to have caught from a defective flue, and had it not been for the prompt action of the citizens in getting out the little fire engine and attaching it to the cistern the house would have burned to the ground; as it is, the roof is burned off and the ceilings badly damaged by water. The building was insured. Sunday, May 30, we decorated the graves of our dead soldiers with appropriate services. Robert A. Cassidy, of Canton, delivered the oration. In the morning went to the little hamlet of Zoar and decorated the graves at that place. The Society is taking more interest in these exercises each year, and a beautiful sight awaited the old soldiers when they arrived there. Fourteen little girls dressed in white, and holding wreaths and garlands of the choicest flowers that could be gathered in line ready to follow the white-haired soldier boys to the little cemetery under the pines a short distance from the village. This was a touching tribute for the Society to pay to the old soldiers and their dead comrades. Mrs. Charles Knecht died Monday night, of consumption. She leaves a husband and one child to mourn her loss.

Louis Weber returned home from Pittsburg where he was engaged in a planing mill, and will assist his father at Strasburg in the mill at that place. Louis was badly injured last fall, by a stick of timber that flew from the planer, striking him on the temple and penetrating to the brain. He has completely recovered from the accident. The farmers are complaining that nothing is growing this year but interest on debts. The weather is keeping crops back this spring in this vicinity, and if we don't soon get warmer weather the cornfields will have to be replanted. Mrs. Parker, of Canton, is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. D. M. Lash, of this place. Mrs. Alex. Endriss is visiting with friends at Bucyrus. O. R. Keefer is stopping off the W. & L. E. for a while on account of business that demands his personal attention. Jacob Renner, father of Mrs. Knecht, who died Monday evening, is not expected to live. Prof. Kuhn was on our streets last evening. He had been away since the close of school. The teachers for the schools in the special district were held on May 24. They are: Principal, L. G. Kuhn; grammar, Vale Hawk; intermediate, Lottie Haglock; primary, Miss Lizzie Thompson.

THE NAVARRE COMMENCEMENT.

NAVARRE, June 3.—The eleventh annual commencement was held in the U. B. church, Friday evening. There was a large crowd present and the order was very good. At 8 o'clock the class arrived and proceeded to the places assigned them. The church was tastefully decorated. The orations, class history, music by the choir, and class poems were very good and highly complimented. The address by Prof. Dickason, of Wooster, to the class was fine, his subject being "Higher to Higher." In which he paid a beautiful tribute to Abraham Lincoln. The presentation of diplomas, with a few remarks of good advice to the members of the class by Rev. Peter B. Welsh, president of the board, was well received, and this commencement will go down in history as a standing shoulder to shoulder with its predecessors. Memorial Day was fittingly observed in Navarre, Saturday. The oration by Daniel W. Shetter was an able one. He paid a grand tribute to America's sons, who so valiantly fought for our country. The music by the bands, quartette and Catholic choir well rendered. The funeral of Jacob Mentzer took place at his residence on Canal street, Monday morning. Rev. Summers, of Bolivar, officiating. A large concourse of people gathered to pay their last tribute of respect. He was a kind and gentle husband and father and a good citizen. He was the first mayor of Navarre. The remains were interred in the Massillon cemetery.

Miss Viola Goshorn, of Pittsburg, is visiting her father, Richard Thomas, of Alliance, is spending a few days with his parents, Linda and Christina Hugs, Sunday at Richville. Dr. and Mrs. H. E. Cort, of Middlebranch, and Mrs. Oscar Vanderston, of Cleveland, spent Saturday and Sunday with J. Corl and family. Mrs. P. Kline, of Massillon, spent Friday and Saturday at the home of Matt Clemens, John Houck and wife, of Pittsburg, Albert Garver and wife, of Toledo, Chas. Uhle and wife, of Canton, Will Hollinger and wife, of Canal Fulton, and Alexander Uhle, of Cleveland, attended the funeral of Jacob Mentzer.

LIVELY CRYSTAL SPRING LETTER.

CRYSTAL SPRING, June 3.—A bulletin board has been put up in Leonard & Leonard's place of business, and the base ball score will be received daily by Farmers' telephone. The Crystal Spring band serenaded at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bromkamp, at the high mill, on last Saturday evening. They came to remind Mr. Bromkamp that it was his birthday anniversary. The band played on the beautiful lawn by torchlight, under the management of August Krushinsky. The boys were kindly asked to cease playing and partake of an elegant supper which was awaiting them in the large dining room. The boys then left for home, declaring that the host and hostess were nice entertainers. Millport was almost depopulated last Sunday, our people going to Turkey-foot lake, to inhale the lake breeze and spend the day in a social manner. No one fell into the lake nor did any accident happen to the party. Harris Smith astonished the natives when he sang the farewell song. Our band accompanied the party, and their selections were greeted with loud and lusty cheers by all who heard the sweet strains. The second nine of North Lawrence was defeated by the Athletics, of this place, in a game of ball, last Monday, on the Camp Rice grounds, by a score of 17 to 13. John Rosche made two home runs, and was handed a cigar the second time he reached the home plate. Frank Leonard pitched magnificent ball up to the fifth inning and then gave way to Sharp, who did fine work. William Rice, Soxalexis, Jr., played good in left field.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c. a bottle.

It is not a remedy put up by any Tom, Dick or Harry; it is compounded by expert pharmacists. Ely Bros. offer a 10 cent trial size. Ask your druggist. Full size Cream Balm 50 cents. We mail it.

ELY BROS.

56 Warren St., New York City.
Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone. W. J. Hitchcock, late major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE TARIFF DEBATE.

Senate Is Now Down to the Metal Schedule.

A DENIAL TO TILLMAN'S CHARGES.

The Minority Proposed Numerous Amendments, But Were All Defeated—An Attack on Speaker Read in the House. Some Witty Talk in His Support.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The senate made good progress on the tariff bill, advancing to the important metal schedule. During the day the paragraphs covering marble and stone, china, glass, brick and tiles were completed, with a few minor exceptions. Messrs. Vest and Jones (Ark.), in behalf of the minority of the finance committee, proposed numerous amendments, which were defeated by majorities of 8 to 14. The votes were on party lines in the main, although Messrs. Rawlins and White, Democrats, voted with the Republicans to increase the rate on onyx and Mr. McHenry, Democrat, voted with the Republicans against Mr. Jones' proposition for a reduction of the rates on china.

As a sequel to the recent sensational speech of Mr. Tillman, Mr. Smith (N. J.) rose to a question of personal privilege while the tariff debate was proceeding and made a brief but pointed denial of all speculation in sugar stock, either recently or at any time when the subject of legislation. Mr. Tillman was among those who heard the denial, but he made no comment on it. Senator McLaurin (S. C.) was sworn in early in the day, raising the membership of the senate to 89. The tariff bill was taken up immediately after the disposition of business. The committee amendments were withdrawn on the paragraphs covering "all other china not specifically provided for," leaving the house rates at 60 for decorated and 55 for undecorated. Mr. Jones again offered an amendment. He supported it in a speech stating that at the rates of the present law the producers claimed to be doing a prosperous business.

Mr. Sewell (Rep., N. J.) answered, reading a statement showing that many potteries had failed and a large number of pottery workers were out of work as a result of the present low rates. The committee offered a substitute, which was agreed to, on the paragraph covering tiles, glazed or unglazed. It is practically the same as the house paragraph.

Paragraph 92, covering articles composed of earth and mineral substances, was taken up, and Mr. Caffery (La.) offered an amendment reducing the rate from 35 to 20 per cent on undecorated ware.

The Caffery amendment was defeated 19-26. Mr. Hildfield voting with the Democrats in the affirmative and Mr. Jones (Nev.) with the Republicans in the negative. The committee amendments to the paragraph were then agreed to.

On paragraph 94, covering plain green flint or lime bottles, Mr. Vest proposed an amendment reducing the rate on bottles holding more than one pint from seven-eighths of a cent per pound to three-quarters of a cent. Vest held in support of his amendment, that the American producers controlled the market and could export goods without a duty. Mr. Vest's amendment was disagreed to—yeas, 21; nays, 29. The paragraph was then agreed to as reported.

The consideration of the bill proceeded from the point reached at last session, viz: paragraph 105, relating to special s. eyeglasses, goggles, etc. Mr. Vest opposed the proposed rates, saying they ranged from 6 to 180 per cent on articles of necessity.

Mr. Aldrich argued that low-priced spectacles from abroad were so poor that it would be of advantage to exclude them from use in this country.

Mr. White (Cal.) said this was the first time the "sanitary" argument had been used in support of a high tariff, and Mr. Aldrich declared that the American people did not ask that their spectacles be traded by Mr. Aldrich.

Mr. White offered an amendment substituting the rates of the present law. Mr. White's amendment was defeated, and the paragraph was agreed to as reported.

The remaining paragraphs relating to glass were agreed to as reported, except the paragraph covering stained or painted glass windows, which went over at the request of Mr. Allison.

When the marble and stone schedule was taken up Mr. Vest made a contest on the paragraph relating to manufacturers of agate, etc., moving a reduction of the rate from 50 to 20 per cent. The amendment was defeated, yeas 17; nays 29.

The committee proposed a change in the amendment relating to marble and onyx, leaving the marble rate as reported, and placing onyx, in block, at \$1.50 per cubic foot.

Mr. Vest remarked that this was a raise of 800 per cent over the present rate, to which Mr. Aldrich assented.

Mr. Caffery spoke against such heavy increases, warning Mr. Aldrich that he was "digging the grave" of protection.

Mr. Aldrich answered that the proposed rates were required in order to give the American producers of onyx adequate protection against Mexican onyx.

Mr. White and Mr. Jones (Ark.), both minority members of the finance committee, had several colloquies which disclosed a divergence of opinion between them and in response to jocular remarks by Mr. White, Mr. Jones said a 100 per cent increase could not be laughed into respectability.

The committee amendment placing onyx at \$1.50 per cubic foot was then agreed to—yeas, 31; nays, 17. Messrs. White and Rawlins voted with the Republicans in the affirmative. The committee amendment as a whole relating to marble and onyx was agreed to. On dressed freestone Mr. Vest moved a reduction from 50 to 30 per cent. In this connection Mr. Vest remarked that it became his melancholy duty to refer

to another duty raised above the McKinley rate. Already, he said, he had pointed out about 30 instances of the kind, although Mr. Aldrich had claimed there were but half a dozen rates above those in the McKinley bill. It had reached a point, Mr. Vest said, when the advocates of bill had lost all veneration and respect for that tariff act bearing the name of the president of the United States.

Mr. Lodge (Mass.) and Mr. Gallinger (N. H.) spoke of the greater labor cost in the quarrying of granite in the United States over that in Scotland and Sweden, and Mr. Gallinger expressed the hope that when the bill got into conference the protection afforded American granite would be greater than ever before. Mr. Vest's amendment was then disagreed to, yeas 19; nays 28.

The other paragraphs relating to stone and slate were agreed to as reported. This brought the senate up to schedule C, relating to metals and manufactures of metals.

Mr. White suggested that as the senate was drawing near to the sugar schedule any new schedule, even in an embryonic form, ought to be presented at an early day, as senators desired to make calculations on it.

"The senator will receive ample notice," responded Mr. Aldrich smilingly. "We will try so accommodate him."

The senate then held an executive session and soon after adjourned.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

NEW YORK, June 2.—A cold wave is predicted all over the country. The stock market was very strong all day, and prospects are for higher prices.

CHICAGO, June 2.—The market today has been dull and uneventful.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat:				
July	67 3/4	67 3/4	66 3/4	67 3/4
Sept.	64 3/4	64 3/4	63 3/4	64 3/4
Oats:				
July	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Sept.	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Corn:				
July	28 1/4	28 1/4	28 1/4	28 1/4
Sept.	24 1/4	24 1/4	24 1/4	24 1/4
Pork:				
July	7 85	7 85	7 75	7 80
Sept.	7 87	7 87	7 80	7 82
Lard:				
July	3 55	3 57	3 52	3 57
Sept.	3 67	3 67	3 62	3 65

TOLEDO, June 2.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 77.

Tuesday's Market Story.

Some nice looking home-grown radishes were brought in this morning and are selling three bunches for ten cents. Strawberries are half expected this afternoon or tomorrow morning.

Eggs are becoming scarce and an increase in price is expected.

The cold weather has killed many vegetables, among them asparagus, and consequently the demand is greater than the supply. Asparagus is a vegetable that requires careful raising and the growers who have made it a specialty will be losers.

The following prices are being paid on this date, June 2, in the Massillon market:

GRAIN MARKET.	
Wheat per bushel	86
Oats, per bushel	34-38
Barley	20-22
Corn	12-15
Flax seed	8-12
Flax seed	1 00
Flax seed	1 00
Timothy seed	1 25
Timothy seed	80
Timothy seed	70
Timothy seed	60-70
Hay	1 25
PRODUCE.	
Choice Butter, per lb.	8-10
Eggs, per dozen	9
Lard, per lb.	6
Beans, per lb.	6
Shoulders per lb.	6
Sides	8-11
Chests	12-15
Butter, per lb.	1 00
White Beans, per bushel	1 00
Onions	75-1 00
Apples	8-10
Exported Apples, choice	8-10
Chickens, live	12-15</

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LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE NO. 60.
FARMERS' TELEPHONE NO. 60.

THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 1897.

The Stark county Populists have issued a call for a county convention to be held at the county seat city hall on June 18th at 10 a. m., for the purpose of nominating a county ticket. The Populists refuse to serve as cup bearers to Democracy any longer.

That lusty leader of reform, General Sherwood, has at last discovered that he was counted out, last fall, when Mr. Taylor beat him for Congress by so many thousands that memory does not carry them. General Sherwood always was amusing—a sort of living jest in earnest.

Mr. John C. Welty, of Canton, is said to be Millionaire McLean's ideal Democratic candidate for governor, and the amiable James Allen Rice, also of Canton, regards himself as the ideal candidate. Under the circumstances THE INDEPENDENT resumes its campaign in favor of the nomination of Mayor Tobias Schott.

The examiners of the county treasurer's books have reported, as usual, discover that under Treasurer Gorb and his assistant, Mr. T. H. Smith, every dollar and every record is as it should be. There have been times when such a report might have occasioned pleasant surprise, but under the present administration it is what we expect, and hope shall continue.

The visit of Governor Bushnell is a pleasant incident that every Massillonian enjoys and appreciates. As governor it is expected that he will be glad of the opportunity to inspect the great work in which the state is now engaged at this point, and return to Columbus better equipped than ever to advise the next general assembly what course to pursue in relation thereto.

The Canton Journal has begun its daily visits to THE INDEPENDENT, and is so bright and full of interesting things that it is bound to secure for itself respectful consideration, and, let it be hoped, dividends for the printers who are at work on a co-operative basis. This is the plan of organization followed by THE INDEPENDENT, in which the largest stockholders are the men in practical control. It assuredly means loyal service, and energy in pursuit of benefits common to all.

It was a thrilling story and one well told that Prof. Jones gave to his hearers on Monday afternoon, when he related the historic charge of "thirty-two thousand generals" at Mission Ridge. It was a charge as gallant as the charge of the Light Brigade, and it is pleasant to remember that the first of those "thirty-two thousand generals" to start up that ridge was Col. Dwight Jarvis with the two Massillonians, Lloyd and Ritter, behind him, both of whom fell on the field of battle. So brave a leader so bravely followed should have an undisputed place in the history of that engagement, and THE INDEPENDENT believes that the historians of Harl Post could properly seek information from all sources and get the facts certified beyond cavil for the records of the town wherein those three men lived and from whence they marched a generation ago.

The enthusiasm following the publication of the news concerning the splendid gifts to the city from Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McGlymonds and Mrs. L. K. McGlymonds has seldom been paralleled in Massillon, and the announcement has done more to awaken a municipal pride and spirit than anything that has occurred in the whole history of the city. Nothing is more valuable to a community in developing its possibilities than this same pride and spirit, and Massillon, with far more reason for it, has not been as fortunate in this respect as many other cities. The council has been infected with the prevailing feeling of gratitude and appreciation, and is prepared to co-operate with the library custodians in supplying the funds required for ordinary expenses. This is especially gratifying, not merely on account of the revenue acquired, but because it recognizes the library at once as a public institution, founded for the good of the people. As Dr. Smith has aptly suggested, opportunity is now presented to any person so desiring to add to the present capital of the library. As it grows in extent and usefulness its influence will be felt in the personal benefit of thousands, and the organization of historical and other societies, which depend upon libraries for inspiration and success. It is not difficult to believe that Massillon has now begun its higher and better growth, and the future seems bright indeed.

MASSILLON'S GUESTS.

It is the pleasure of the people of Massillon, and not merely of the organizations directly interested, to receive as their guests the governor and lieutenant

governor of Ohio, the representatives of the Sons of Veterans of the state, and the officers and members of the Eighth Regiment, Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias. To these strangers one and all a most cordial welcome is given, and the hope expressed that they may return to their homes with pleasant recollections of their visit. They will doubtless hear much during the week of Massillon, and its institutions in at least one of which they have a common interest, and THE INDEPENDENT which is not lacking in civic pride, may be pardoned for briefly mentioning some of the things that arouse its satisfaction in contemplating its home surroundings.

First of all, we have the city as a whole, filling the valley and the green hills overlooking the Tuscarawas, its palatial modern homes, its many streets dotted with tasteful residences, its mines, quarries and factories, its banks and savings companies, its parks, drives and people. Down on the plains every stranger will see the new buildings of the Massillon State Hospital for Insane, one of the largest, and designed to be the most perfect institution of its character in the world. Returning from the state hospital one sees the Massillon cemetery with its soldiers' monument, looks down upon the nerve center of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway system, passes the great plant of Russell & Co., glass factories and paper mill, the power house which drives the street railway and lighting plant, and sees the best of the business portion of the city.

Off in another direction lie the picturesque hills of stone, the water works pumping station, the iron and steel works, pottery and minor establishments.

In every quarter of the town stand public school buildings as perfect as money and study can erect. St. Mary's church, pronounced by art critics to be one of the purest and most pleasing examples of ecclesiastical architecture in the state, the new Gothic Episcopal church, the splendid pile known as the First Methodist church, and graceful houses of worship scarcely less attractive.

Passing down Prospect street—the street which is Massillon's crowning glory, one glances up at stately mansions filled with art treasures, passes the Massillon Club, can see the new public library just presented to the city and royally endowed, and continuing on by a slightly indirect route reaches the Charity Rotch school, founded by the fine old Quaker woman whose wise charity enables many poor boys and girls to enter the world, equipped for the battle of life. Returning the stranger notes the city reservoir, the water tower, and the quaint remaining evidences of the old Connecticut pioneers who established themselves in Kendal and laid the foundations of a community which has ever since been permeated by New England influences and aspirations.

Continuing on down State street, over which once passed troops bound for the Indian war, the handsome State street school is seen—the latest addition to the many district buildings, and on a little farther is the high school, then lower down is the central building of the fire department with its multiplicity of interesting devices for fighting fires, and finally, if unwearied by this tour, the visitor may seek out on his own account dozens of other objects which may excite his curiosity or admiration.

The temptation of the native born Massillonian is strong to tell of the men the community has contributed to the world—Joseph Medill, Judge Carter, Gen. Poe, and many others whose names are bright in public recollection, but one must pause somewhere in a flight like this, and trust that the stranger within our gates will have a successful meeting, and leave with the desire to come again.

ANOTHER SPECIAL SESSION.

The Council Reconsiders the Taxing Ordinance.

At the request of the library committee another special meeting of the council was held Saturday night, with quite a sprinkling of interested citizens present. The object of the meeting was to secure reconsideration of the taxing ordinance for the purpose of amending it by including a levy of two-tenths of a mill for the support of the public library. Remarks in support of the proposition were made, at the request of President Brown, by Mayor Schott, the Rev. Dr. Smith, Prof. E. A. Jones, and Dr. W. H. Kirkland.

Mr. Reay moved a reconsideration of the vote, the motion being seconded by Mr. Kouth, and carried without dissent. Mr. Kramer moved and it was agreed to that the ordinance be referred back to the ways and means committee. Carried. Mr. Kramer then moved that the council adjourn until next Saturday night. Before the motion was put and carried it was explained that the library committee desired to obtain certain facts to present to the council in proper form and would require a little time in which to prepare.

The meeting was an enthusiastic one and all councilmen seemed to be agreed that with such magnificent gifts from Mr. and Mrs. McGlymonds and Mrs. L. K. McGlymonds, of New York, it was incumbent upon the city to do its share promptly and thoroughly.

Advised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, June 1, 1897:

MEN.

Gould, B. E. Murrat, Thos.
Hoffman, G. J. Shoemaker, J. G.
Huffman, John H. Wood, Wm. J.
The Buckeye Drill Co.
Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.
FELIX R. SHELLEY, P. M.

MEN OF THE S. OF V.

History of the Order and Those Who Constitute It.

IT IS BROAD AS THE COUNTRY.

Now Claiming Over 50,000 Members. It is a Power for Good in Sustaining American Institutions and Cherishing Memories of the Great Conflict of the Sixties.

To Major A. P. Davis, of Pittsburg, belongs the credit for having first conceived the idea of perpetuating the memory of the brave men of the sixties by the organization of their sons, and for this reason he is known as the "Father of the Order." The first meeting was called by Major Davis, who is a veteran and a son of a veteran, in 1881, in Pittsburg, and though the attendance was small, all were so enthusiastically in favor of Major Davis's plan that Camp No. 1, Sons of Veterans, came into existence. Within a year afterward camps were instituted throughout Pennsylvania and Ohio.

In the same year the national organization was founded, the convention being held in Columbus. Frank P. Merrill, of Maine, was the first commander-in-chief. The present commander-in-chief is J. L. Rake, of Reading, Pa. There are now thirty state organizations, composed of 2,000 camps, with an aggregate membership of 50,000. The order is strongest in Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, New York, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Kansas. In the state of Ohio there are 200 camps. The membership is between 5,000 and 6,000. The fifteenth annual encampment of the division of Ohio is about to be held in Massillon. Representatives of the order and of the Ladies' Aid Society, an auxiliary organization of the order are now assembling and have the governor of Ohio as their own and the city's guest. The following sketches have to do with the men prominent in the work of the Sons of Veterans and the ladies at the head of the Ladies' Aid Society, and together with the names of the various committees in charge of the convention constitute a record and souvenir of the occasion.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR ASA W. JONES.

Among the order's most prominent members no one reflects greater credit upon it than Asa W. Jones, of Youngstown. He is a charter member of Camp No. 10, which was mustered into the order by Col. Gardner and his staff in 1893. From that time on Gen. Jones has devoted constant attention to the order's welfare. He has represented Ohio at its national encampment and is at present judge advocate upon the staff of Colonel



Morrow. After much solicitation from the prominent members of the order Gen. Jones has consented to become a candidate for commander. It is urged that his high standing in public life, and the business world, his eminence as a lawyer and his age make him ideally fitted to become the organization's next executive. It is believed that his personality will bring the order much success, and it is universally conceded that his election will occur by acclamation. Gen. Jones is the present lieutenant governor, and is being entertained this afternoon with Governor Bushnell. This evening he will deliver an address at the camp-fire.

COL. D. Q. MORROW.

The present commander and his staff arrived Tuesday morning and are quartered at the Hotel Conrad. No one member of the order enjoys the esteem of his fellows more highly than Col. Morrow. He is one of the order's oldest members, belonging to Camp 48, of Hillsboro, Highland county. He has given the or-



der, during his year, now completed, a careful administration, marked by energy and hard work. In the face of financial depression, which has affected all organizations, Col. Morrow has succeeded in preventing any material loss. In private life he is accounted one of the greatest lawyers of Ohio, being for years associated with Judge Cyrus Newby.

N. E. BALDWIN.

N. E. Baldwin, of Youngstown, is one of the prominent members of the order in his section of the state, at the present time holding the office of captain of Baldwin Camp, No. 10. Mr. Baldwin is

one of Youngstown's foremost business men, being the senior member of the wholesale grocery house of Baldwin & Co., which has the reputation of being



one of the leaders of its line in the state of Ohio. Mr. Baldwin is one of the main stays of the S. of V.'s and always stands ready to devote his time and money to the order.

H. W. ELSASS.

H. W. Elsass was quartermaster upon the staff of Colonel Gardner, and won for himself a warm place in the hearts of the members by his careful and economical administration of its affairs. He has assisted very materially in the success of the encampment.

CAPT. CLARK METZKER.

Capt. Clark Metzker is the present captain of Camp 24 and is assisting in the work. He will preside as chairman of the campfire at its meeting tonight.

COL. L. VERN WILLIAMS.

There is no better known member of the order than Colonel Williams, of Ripley. He served with marked success upon the staffs of Colonels Gardner and



Cable, and at Xenia was promoted to the commandship. His administration was marked by push and energy. Colonel Williams is one of the bright members of the Brown county bar.

HARRY F. RIDER.

Harry F. Rider, of this city, a member of the executive committee which has done so much to make the encampment the success that it is, was sergeant major of the Ohio Division under Col. D. S. Gardner, and is a past captain of Daniel Ritter Camp. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Rider, of Navarre, and was born at that place in 1862. For fourteen years he was with Mr. Z. T. Baltzly, and is now a member of the East Main street drug firm of Rider & Gardner.

DR. D. S. GARDNER.

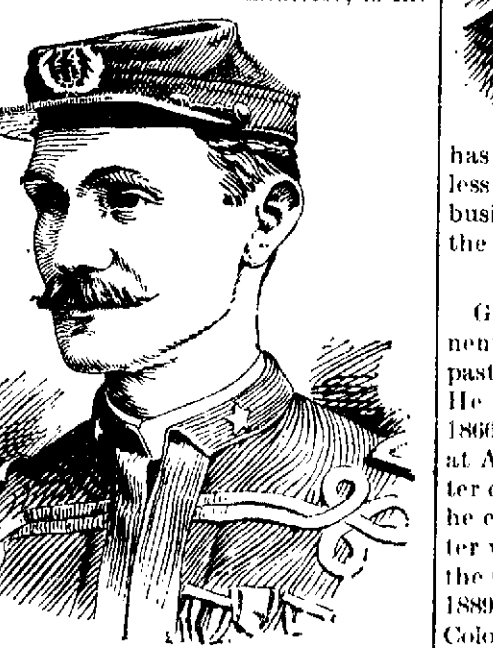
Dr. D. S. Gardner, of Massillon, the chairman of the executive committee, is past captain of Daniel Ritter camp, was lieutenant colonel of the Ohio Division



in 1892, and the following year was elected colonel. In 1896, he was sergeant general on the staff of commander-in-chief Russell, and the faithful manner in which he has discharged the duties of these offices, together with his many personal qualities has won him the respect and friendship of the entire division. It seems to be generally conceded that he is a commander-in-chief of the future. Dr. Gardner was born and raised in Stark county and is now in his thirtieth year. He graduated from the medical department of the Western Reserve University in 1887, and has since become one of Massillon's leading practitioners. He is a trustee of the Cleveland state hospital. Dr. Gardner is married and resides in West Main street.

CAPT. WM. B. MARTIN.

Captain William B. Martin, the secretary of the executive committee, is the



oldest member of Camp No. 24. His labors have been strenuously directed to

REV. HENRY G. PERRY, LL D.

Derives Immediate Lasting Benefit From Paine's Celery Compound.



Few professional men have had the varied, helpful, successful career of Rev. Henry G. Perry, of Chicago.

A native of Philadelphia, he became an honor man of Kenyon college; was admitted to the Ohio bar and licensed by the supreme court of Illinois; served as U. S. chaplain under Gen. Davidson in the civil war. He edited the Pacific Churchman in San Francisco and became rector of Trinity church in that city, and in 1870 took charge of St. Paul's, now the pro-cathedral of Springfield, Ill. Dr. Perry is now the second senior priest in city residence in Chicago. He writes the following letter:

Chicago, Ill., April 7, 1897.
Messrs. Wells, Richardson & Co.
Dear Sirs:—Having suffered severely from the grip during the winter, last month I began taking Paine's Celery Compound, at the urgent instance of a friend who recommended it very highly. I soon felt its beneficial effects, and deem it a speedy and excellent remedy in such cases, so much so that I freely send you this endorsement, and commend its use to all similar sufferers. It is a boon to the sick.
Truly yours,
Henry G. Perry.

Paine's Celery Compound can be trusted to make one well. The enthusiastic accounts from near friends and relatives whom it has cured of kidney and liver troubles or a general "run-down" state of health give assurance to thousands of the marvelous power of this greatest of remedies.

ward the success of the encampment. For years he has been prominently identified with the state organization, having been adjutant upon the staff of Commander Gardner. For years he has been identified with the business interests of our city, having been the senior member of the firm of Martin & Vogt. For two years he was the treasurer of the city and his administration was commendable. In the Sons of Veterans Capt. Martin will doubtless soon secure higher promotion.

CAPT. JACOB WISE.

Capt. Jacob Wise has devoted almost his entire time to the work of the convention. While one of the younger members of the order, his earnest work



has been recognized, and he will doubtless meet with rapid advancement. In business Mr. Wise is the head of one of the best millinery firms of our city.

GEN. WILLIAM E. BUNDY.

General William E. Bundy is a prominent lawyer of the Queen City, and is a past commander-in-chief of the order. He was born in Wellsville, O., Oct. 4, 1866. Educated in the Ohio University at Athens, receiving the degree of Master of Arts. For the following two years he edited the Wellsville Daily News, after which he began the study of law in the Cincinnati law school, graduating in 1889. The same year he was chosen as Colonel of the Ohio division. He was elected Commander-in-chief at Davenport, Ia., in August, 1894. His adminis-

A thorough building up of the disordered nervous system follows the use of Paine's Celery Compound. It dispels harmful humors from the blood, and increases its volume and at the same time its nourishing capacity. The power of Paine's Celery Compound over dyspepsia, skin diseases, headaches, kidney derangements and other disorders, is unquestioned by the most competent authorities.

Don't suffer from headaches, dizziness, spells, melancholia or any form of depression that comes from indigestion or liver disorder. Trust Paine's Celery Compound. You will not be the first person, nor the second, nor the hundredth, nor the thousandth it has permanently and speedily cured of the same trouble.

The nervous system when deranged is like a clock without a balance wheel that goes too fast and strikes every few minutes. The nerves need to be regulated or they quickly "run down" just as a clock would do. The regular, unobtrusive, tie-tie-tie of the heart means that it is working in a healthy manner. Palpitation and throbbing point to a dangerous lack of nerve force, that sooner or later will lead to fatal heart failure.

At the first indication of deficient nerve force, be it heart trouble or nervousness, Paine's Celery Compound should be used to supply the needed vigor, build up the waning vitality, drive out disease and guard against future mischief.

tration of the affairs of the order was brilliantly conducted, and he relinquished the office, having been one of its most able commanders. Gen. Bundy was married to Miss Eva Leeson, in 1890. They have one son in Sanford, named in honor of H. S. Bundy, the paternal grandfather who for years represented the tenth district in congress. Gen. Bundy ranks among the most brilliant of Ohio lawyers, and it is predicted for him a brilliant future.

CAPT. E. H. ARCHER.

Capt. E. H. Archer was one of Tuesday's prominent arrivals. He is the chief clerk in the office of Railroad Commissioner Kayler. He is an expert upon matters pertaining to that office, and enjoys the complete confidence of his chief. In Sons of Veterans matters he has been of the foremost. Anxious at all times for its success, his counsel has been much sought, and he has frequently been honored with positions of trust in the organization.

COL. F. W. MYERS.

Col. F. W. Myers, whose membership remains in East Liverpool, is a prominent wholesale druggist of Parkersburg, W. Va. He is known as the "father of



the order in Ohio," being the oldest member in point of command, and having been elected to that office at Canton in 1883. The order has no more staunch supporter, and in national affairs is looked upon as one of its wisest counsel. He is at present a member of the coun-

(Continued on page five.)

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Miss Amelia Seufis is visiting friends in Carrollton.

W. A. Davis, of Dennison, is in the city on business.

E. H. Seeley is quite ill at his home in East Tremont street.

Joseph Sprenger, of Indianapolis, is the guest of Massillon friends.

George Lester, of this city, is a member of the Wooster Choristers.

Mrs. George Huffman, of Kent street, is recovering from a long siege of illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pitag have decided to move back to Massillon from Newcomerstown.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. LaRowe, of Brooklyn, N. Y., are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. E. R. Albrecht, in Cedar street.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wheeler DeLong, of Cleveland, are the guests of Mrs. DeLong's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Brennan, in the city.

William Routson, of Wooster, agent of the Pennsylvania Company at Massillon years ago, died Tuesday afternoon. He had been an invalid for some years.

Mr. Jas. H. Hunt is in Philadelphia as the representative of the Massillon board of trade at the opening of the Philadelphia Museums, and will attend the international conference of commercial nations.

Walter Snyder arrived home from Erie, Pa., Sunday evening, where he won the first prize in the one mile open race. They say he rides now as he never did before, and much is expected of him this summer.

At the Tuesday morning marriage in Canton of Mr. Eugene Frantz and Miss Flora Maud Herbruck, Miss Edith Pille, of Massillon, acted as bridesmaid, wearing pink tulle over pink silk, with hat to match.

The many persons who met the accomplished pianist, Miss Flora Wagner, during her visit with Miss Adeline Volkmer, last summer, will be pained to learn of her death at her home in Tiffin, O., on Sunday, May 23.

Officers of the Stark County Liquor League have been installed as follows: President, Christ. Schott, Massillon; corresponding secretary, William Lehtis, Canton; financial secretary, Henry Schaefele, Canton; treasurer, John A. Brobst, Canton; sergeant-at-arms, Abe Bailey, Canton.

The saloon and dwelling house of John Friez, at Beach Grove, caught fire in some inexplicable manner, at 4 o'clock Sunday morning. The members of the family were aroused and were soon out or harm's way. The building and its contents were totally destroyed. The loss will reach \$3,000, supposed to be fully covered by insurance.

John Jordan and Dennis Moylan have disposed of the Crystal Spring mine and will proceed to open new territory at once. They have a number of leases which cover land that promises to develop well. The new owners of the Crystal Spring mine are Charles Albright, Otto Kopp and Louis Schimke, of Massillon.

Malcolm Biddle has accepted a position with a furniture firm in M. nerva and is moving his household goods to that place today. Mr. Biddle has been associated with the furniture business in Massillon for many years and has the respect and confidence of a large circle of friends, whose best wishes accompany him to his new home.

"I have heard people ask for odd flavors in my time," said a local dispenser of soda water, who has his reminiscence moments, "but the man who came in here the other day and called for carrot beats them all. I asked him if he did not mean claret, and he was sure he didn't until I told him that the only places they kept carrots were in grocery stores and on farms. Then he took claret."

The quoit match between Thomas Gray, of North Lawrence, champion of Stark county, and Robert Young, champion of Carroll county, which took place at the Bridge House grounds on Saturday afternoon, was won by Gray by the score of 61 to 18. The match was for \$25 a side, and was one straight game of 61 points. A large crowd was present, including people from all the surrounding towns and from Carroll county.

From all over the state come reports of an earthquake at one o'clock Monday and that it was felt in Massillon is known, because Operator Witter and Fred McEwen became conscious of the rocking of the Pennsylvania railway station at that time; Z. T. Baltzy felt his house move; L. P. Schimke and Richard Haukins thought they were getting sick when the ice factory began to shake, and a great many other citizens tell of similar experiences. There were three distinctly felt vibrations noted about 12:45 and continuing perhaps thirty seconds.

William Byrider, of Akron, drove over to Massillon on Sunday, and was enjoying the scenery north of town when his horse took fright at a passing canal boat, and lying down between the shafts devoted itself to demolishing the carriage. Mr. Byrider was scared half to death, and the vehicle was little better than ruined when F. A. Pille and E. E. Martin, of Massillon, arrived, and after quieting the animal, started Mr. Byrider on his journey.

The marriage of Herbert Remmele and Miss Mary Nolan took place at St. Joseph's church at 8:30 Wednesday morning, the Rev. T. F. Mahon officiating. The bridesmaid was Miss Ida Nolan, and the best man Mr. James Remmele. Miss McBride sang a solo during the ceremony, and a large number of people were present. Mr. and Mrs. Remmele will hold a reception at 4 o'clock. Miss Nolan is the talented young woman who danced so gracefully at the late entertainment of the Belles of Blackville.

The estate of H. Marks & Co. having been found insolvent, the court ordered that the goods be disposed of in the shortest possible time and at the least possible expense in order to adjust the claims of creditors. The store will be closed Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday in order to re-arrange and mark goods for the forced sale that will begin at 8 o'clock Friday morning. Prospective purchasers will find an interesting announcement in Tuesday's INDEPENDENT.

MEN OF THE S. OF V.

(Continued from page four.)

cil in chief. In the Ladies' Aid Society he has been honored, being selected the judge advocate general of the present administration. In business life Colonel Myers has been very successful, and has won for himself, by dint of hard labor and ceaseless energy, a foremost place in the public life of West Virginia.

HON. H. D. DAVIS.

Mayor Davis, of Hillsboro, is one of Highland county's prominent attorneys. His connection with the Sons of Veterans dates from its early organization, and at all times has been one of its active members. He has occupied numerous positions of honor, and has frequently represented the division in the commandery-in-chief meetings. Mr. Davis is accounted one of the order's greatest orators, and at the camp fire to-night it will be the pleasure of the audience to listen to one of his master efforts. "The women of '61."



Col. D. C. Cable, of Nelsonville, Ohio, succeeded Col. Gardner as commander of the Sons of Veterans. His administration was one of the most successful.

COL. DON C. CABLE.

Col. D. C. Cable, of Nelsonville, Ohio, succeeded Col. Gardner as commander of the Sons of Veterans. His administration was one of the most successful.



His work for the order began early, and he is always looked upon as a leader of sound judgment and stability. He is a banker and business man of Nelsonville, having large interests in Athens county.

MAJOR H. A. PALMER.

Major Palmer arrived with a large Cleveland delegation Sunday evening. He was a member of the staff of Colonel Gardner and at Postoria was elected major of the division. Mr. Palmer is an



active candidate for the position of Senior Vice Commander and the indications are that he will be unanimously elected. He is superintendent of the special delivery service in the Cleveland postoffice.

Tossed on the Foaming Billows

You may never have been, but if you cross the Atlantic, no matter how smooth the watery expanse, without sea sickness you are—well, a lucky voyager, that is all. Old tars who have spent their lives on the ocean waves, who were almost born, so to speak, with their "sea legs on," suffer now and then from sea sickness in very tempestuous weather. Sea captains, tourists, commercial travelers and yachtsmen say that there is no finer safeguard against nausea than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and it has been equally reliable as a preventive by invalids who travel by steamboat and railroads, and who sometimes suffer as much in those conveyances as ocean travelers do in headstamps. Bilioussness, constipation, sick headache and disorders of the stomach caused by oppressive climatic influences or unwholesome or unaccustomed food or water, always yield to the Bitters speedily. This popular medicine also remedies rheumatism, kidney and nervous disorders, and the infirmities incident to increasing years.

THE FIRST SESSION.

Proceeding of the Convention's Business Meeting.

The morning session of the Sons of Veterans' annual state encampment opened in the Armory at 10:30 o'clock Wednesday morning, Col. D. Q. Morrow presiding. Mayor Schott, having been escorted to the Armory by the executive committee, bade the visitors welcome in these words:

"Sons of Veterans of Ohio, Gentlemen: "First of all allow me to congratulate you on the wisdom manifested by you in the selection of a place for your fifteenth annual encampment. I assure you that you will not have occasion to regret it. I am aware that the great state of Ohio is noted for its large, beautiful and attractive cities and places, with all the accommodations necessary for encampments, conventions or all kinds of gatherings of large bodies, but I venture to say that there is not a place in Ohio, and I might say in the Union, where more attention would be paid and a more hearty welcome offered to a gathering of veterans or their sons than at the place you selected, namely, the city of Massillon. You will find, gentlemen, that while you are here, you will not be treated as strangers. Whenever a body of men like these assembled here, being the direct offsprings of men who defended the country in time of danger and distress, the sons of veterans enter the port of our city, they are our guests, our friends, our brothers, and as such will they be treated. I make the assertion that nowhere will you find a more hospitable, loyal and patriotic people than right here in our city. We have proven it in time of war as well as in time of peace. I might give you score of incidents to verify my assertion, but that would be encroaching upon your time, hence allow me to give you, just for an illustration, a few items of the average occurrences in our city."

"Within one month last past, our city received a bequest of \$10,000 for library purposes, from one of our esteemed and generous-hearted citizens. Scarcely had we time to express our gratitude for the said gift, when two Massillon ladies came forward with a donation of a property worth about \$20,000 for the same purpose but not to be outdone by these esteemed ladies, another philanthropic and patriotic citizen added \$20,000, also for educational purposes, and there is no telling what the next few days will bring us. Modesty forbids me to mention names, but there is a time when modesty ceases to be a virtue, and the facts, at least, should be known to the world, especially to our present guests. It may be well, however, to state that the last mentioned donor is a veteran of the 104th Ohio regiment, and the ladies mentioned are his nearest relatives."

"The state of Ohio, with its four millions of people and forty thousand square miles, is one of the foremost states in the Union, and without fear of being successfully contradicted, I claim, it has produced and furnished the greatest statesmen, generals, soldiers, professors and men of prominence generally. Whenever you hear or read of a great statesman and trace his ancestry or read his biography, you will most always find him to be an Ohio man."

"Should I attempt to enumerate all the statesmen, generals, authors of great works, etc., furnished by the state of Ohio, it would be an endless chain of names."

"The state of Ohio gave our country the greatest number of volunteers, according to the population, at that time, and since the state has entered the race, furnishing Presidents, it has been successful at four different times, and we can say with pride that all of those four Presidents distinguished themselves upon the field of honor before they were elevated to the highest position obtainable."

"The people of Ohio are also leading in intelligence, thanks to our lawmakers who made education compulsory. In summing it up, we can justly say it is a fortunate privilege to be born a Buckeye or to be a resident of Ohio by choice or by option, and I firmly believe that there is not a man in this assembly who would not be able to fill the Presidential chair at a moment's notice. The mayor of a city is at times a privileged character, and occasionally honors are showered upon him that make him feel as though he was the greatest man in the country."

"It is fresh in my memory when but a short time ago I had the pleasure and privilege of addressing the veterans of the 104th Ohio Regiment at their encampment in this city, and by the way, it was one of the grandest affairs Massillon ever saw in the line of encampments. A jollier set of men I never beheld. Though old and gray, as some of them were, it was a rare treat to listen to their speeches, recitations, stories, etc., and there is a possibility, if not a likelihood, that among those veterans were men whose sons are present today at this encampment."

"The organization of the Sons of Veterans is such that any state and country may be proud of. It is an acknowledgment by the sons of the deeds of their fathers, a pledge by the sons to follow the example of their fathers if occasion should arise, it is a safeguard to a country, a guarantee for peace and protection."

"It is a great factor in diplomatic negotiations with foreign countries, for it is known to the world and especially to potentates and monarchs that there is a power behind the stars and stripes not to be sneered at. The American flag is respected wherever it floats, which is greatly due to the Sons of Veterans, but also to the unexcelled patriotism of the American people. We are somewhat similar to the Boers; when President Kruger, of Transvaal, was asked by an English officer, how many inhabitants there were in his Republic, he answered 60,000; and how many warriors have you? 60,000. The answer of the President of the United States should be somewhat similar, for every man, woman

and child would rally around the flag if any foreign power would dare to make an attempt to attack our flag and our country."

"Sons of Veterans, keep up your good work, the whole country is with you, but especially the citizens of Massillon. As a legal representative of the city of Massillon I take great pleasure in extending to you a hearty heart-felt welcome and the freedom of our city, and hope that while you are with and among us you will feel at home, that you may enjoy yourselves to your hearts content, that friendly relations renewed today between our guests and our citizens will never cease. Our best wishes are with you while here, and will remain with you at all times."

Col. Morrow responded with a few appropriate remarks. Then these committees were appointed and the encampment adjourned until 8:30 Thursday morning.

Credentials—E. V. Barrere, W. E. Baldwin, C. H. A. Palmer, Robert Atchinson and W. B. Martin.

On rituals—H. V. Speelman, Dr. L. A. Perce, H. D. Davis, Clark Metzger and Christ. McConnell.

On officers' reports—D. C. Cable, D. S. Gardner, C. J. Deckman, L. Vern Williams and W. E. Bundy.

On resolutions—F. W. Myers, A. G. McKenzie, W. W. Pease, Ed Dicher and W. Gilbert Thompson.

On constitutions and rules and regulations—G. G. Bambach, F. W. Timmory, G. B. Eggert, C. H. Lund and H. W. Elsass.

Press—A. Bickman, J. W. Wise, G. W. Barren, C. L. Dickinson and O. Esigate.

The Thursday session of the encampment will be called to order at 8:30 o'clock, and the whole day will be devoted to the transaction of business. In the evening, from 6:30 to 8:30, the Daughters of Veterans will entertain the Ladies' Aid Society and the Sons of Veterans in the G. A. R. hall, and at 8:30 a military ball will be given in the I. O. O. F. hall.

LADIES' AID SOCIETY.

An Auxiliary Association Now in Session Here.

The convention of the Ohio division of the Ladies' Aid Society was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning, in the G. A. R. hall, by State President Lillian B. Herbst. The entire day was occupied



KATE RAYNOR, National President.

with officers' reports. The election of officers will not take place until tomorrow. The society is auxiliary to the Sons of Veterans and has a large membership in the state and United States.



MISS LILLIAN B. HERBST, State President.

The national president and secretary, Miss Kate Raynor and Mrs. May R. Baldwin, of Toledo, are members of the Ohio division and therefore are present at this convention.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS HERE.

Regimental Officers and Three Brilliant Companies.

Three companies, the Yellow Cross, of Alliance; the Canton, of Canton, and the Enterprise, of Massillon, of the Eighth Regiment, U. R. K. of P., will form a battalion at 4 o'clock this afternoon, and will pass in review attended by the following regimental officers:

Colonel J. C. F. Putman, of Massillon; Lieutenant Colonel C. H. Evans, of Canton; Major H. V. Kramer, of Massillon; Major A. L. McDonald, of Alliance; Captain A. K. Pickett, signal officer, of Salem; Major P. W. Welker, M. D., of Alliance; Adjutant D. C. Borton, of Massillon.

The officers of Yellow Cross Company are Captain Charles Shem, First Lieutenant William Shem, and Second Lieutenant Joseph Blanchard. Canton company's officers are Captain T. S. Bolton, First Lieutenant C. L. Lehman and Second Lieutenant W. E. Homer. Lieutenant E. H. Lotzer and Second Lieutenant S. S. Holton, of Tromblant company, of Niles; First Lieutenant J. P. Morlan, of Quaker City company, of Salem, and Colonel Thomas S. Whittington, brigadier engineer of General Howe's staff, of Salem, are also in town and will participate in the drill.

THE GOVERNOR ARRIVES

A Cordial Welcome to Ohio's Executive.

ESCORTED TO HIS HEADQUARTERS.

The Official Party Arrives Wednesday Afternoon, Takes Luncheon and Visits Points of Interest in Massillon and Its Environs.

Governor Bushnell and party, including Mrs. Bushnell, General and Mrs. Axline and Ray S. Kaylor, commissioner of railroads, arrived in the city at 1:40 via the Pennsylvania railway. He was greeted at the station by the executive committee of the Sons of Veterans, the citizens' committee and the visiting delegates, headed by the Military band. Hundreds of citizens congregated at the station and lined the streets leading to the Hotel Conrad, where the Governor, General Axline and Mr. Kaylor were driven.

Governor Bushnell was greeted by men, women and children alike, and acknowledged each salute by dropping his hat, smiling pleasantly and waving his hand. Mrs. Bushnell and Mrs. Axline were driven directly to the Prospect street home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steese, where they will be entertained during their stay in the city. After partaking of the luncheon which was in waiting, Governor Bushnell, Gen. Axline and Mr. Kaylor were driven to the Massillon hospital site, accompanied by the citizens committee who were arranged in carriages.

The first carriage contained Gov. Bushnell, Chas. Steese, J. W. McClymonds and Col. D. Q. Morrow; second, Gen. H. A. Axline, Judge A. J. Ricks, Prof. E. A. Jones and Col. D. S. Gardner; third, Senator Williams, S. A. Conrad, the Rev. G. B. Smith and W. B. Martin; fourth, Judge J. R. Johnson, Frederick Snyder, R. S. Kaylor and Jacob Wise; fifth, W. F. Ricks, H. D. Davis, W. H. Bundy and Harry Elsass; sixth, Tobias Schott, Col. F. W. Myers, Col. Dan C. Cable and Clark Metzker; seventh, Col. Charles J. Deckman, H. H. Everhard, Col. A. G. McKenzie, W. R. Coleman and Col. Elvern Williams.

Between the hours of four and six o'clock a public reception was held at the Conrad and the governor was kept busy making acquaintances. A camp fire will be conducted tonight at the Armory and Governor Bushnell will address those assembled.

Governor Bushnell traveled to Massillon in the private car of W. R. Woodford of the C. L. & W., going from Columbus to Crestline via the Big Four, and thence to Massillon. At Galion, where the Indianapolis division joins the main line, a large crowd assembled, partly to see Governor Bushnell and partly to see W. J. Bryan, who spoke in Indianapolis on Tuesday night and was on his way to Cleveland. Seeing the throng Governor Bushnell spoke briefly and created great enthusiasm. Mr. Bryan's train then arrived and he too delved a few remarks. Then the two trains were connected and Governor Bushnell invited Mr. Bryan to join him in his car. The invitation was accepted and the two men journeyed together as far as Crestline. At Galion Mr. Bryan was almost left and the governor exclaimed to the crowd, "We wanted him left last fall, but not today." Governor Bushnell and Mr. Bryan sat together in the smoking compartment, when Mr. Bryan opened the conversation by saying:

"I am sorry to see that Hanna and Foraker keep up their fight in the Senate."

Governor Bushnell replied: "Do not give yourself any uneasiness about that. I assure you it all comes from Democratic newspapers and there is nothing to it beyond that."

Mr. Bryan then said, "But we, Democrats, are indebted to Mr. Hanna for some things. He made so many promises that have not been fulfilled, you know."

Governor Bushnell—"I beg of you to not let yourself be concerned over that. Every promise that was made will be fulfilled if you will but give the Republicans time."

At Crestline the schools had been dismissed, the shops had closed half an hour earlier than usual, and a great crowd assembled. Governor Bushnell was escorted to a stand and spoke for about twenty minutes. At the same time Mr. Bryan spoke for about five minutes from the rear of his sleeping car. After leaving Crestline, no incidents occurred.

Keep Well

Easy to say, but how shall I do it? In the only common sense way—keep your head cool, your feet warm and your blood rich and pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Then all your nerves, muscles, tissues and organs will be properly nourished. Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the system, creates an appetite, tones the stomach and gives strength. It is the people's Spring Medicine, has a larger sale and effects more cures than all others.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills assist Digestion and cure Constipation. 25 cents.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

cured, although people were present at every station.

Governor Bushnell and party will leave Thursday morning at 9:22 o'clock for Wooster, to be present at the dedication of the administration building at the Government Experiment Station.

A dinner will be given in honor of the Governor, at the conclusion of the camp fire at the Armory. It will take place at the Hotel Sailer.

LIST OF GUESTS.

Governor A. S. Bushnell.
Lieut. Governor A. W. Jones.
Adjutant General W. H. Axline.
Senator S. J. Williams.
Charles Steese.
J. W. McClymonds.
J. H. Hunt.
Rev. Geo. B. Smith.
John Thomas.
Robert H. Day.
J. Melville Schuckers.
R. P. Skinner.
Thomas Austin.
S. A. Conrad.
E. A. Jones.
Paul Kirchhofer.
Col. J. C. F. Putman.
James Corns.
Col. F. W. Myers.
Hon. Tobias Schott.
Hon. H. D. Davis.
Col. D. Q. Morrow.
Col. Don C. Cable.
Gen. W. E. Bundy.
C. A. Gates.
E. L. Arnold.
W. B. Humbarger.
Felix R. Shopley.
Hon. John P. Jones.
Dr. T. C. Miller.
W. F. Ricks.
Col. A. G. McKenzie.
Frederick Snyder.
G. F. Breckel.
Col. L. Vern Williams.
Col. Charles J. Deckman.
H. R. Parsons.
W. B. Martin.
Jacob Wise.
H. W. Elsass.
Clark Metzker.
H. F. Rider.
D. S. Gardner.
H. V. Kramer.
J. A. Shoemaker.
E. F. Bahney.

MENU.

Cream of Chicken.
Wafers.
Red Snapper, Tomato Sauce.
Small Potatoes. Cucumbers.
Sweet Bread Patties.
Roast Turkey.
Asparagus. New Potatoes. New Peas.
Roman Punch.
Chicken Salad.
Brown Bread. Salted Almonds.
Ice Cream. Strawberries.
Assorted Cake. Fruit. Nuts.
Edam and American Cheese.
Coffee and Cigars.

Music by the Electric Banjo Club.

If you eat what you like, and digest it, you will surely be strong and healthy. But if you don't digest it, you might always as well not eat, for what good can your food do you if it doesn't nourish you?

If you find that you can't digest it, there is a simple help for your stomach. It is Shaker Digestive Cordial, made by the Shakers of Mount Lebanon. It has never failed to cure the worst case of indigestion.

Strength and health come from the food you eat, after it has been digested and has gone into the blood. The best tonic is digested food. The best aid to digestion, Shaker Digestive Cordial.

When you have acid eructations, nausea, wind, dizziness, offensive breath, or any other symptoms of dyspepsia, Shaker Digestive Cordial will cure you. At druggists. Trial bottle 10c.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures consumption and all other blood diseases. It tones up the blood-making organs to produce a fresh supply of healthy, red blood; this carries new nourishment and life to the wasted lung tissue, or any other tissue that is affected. It drives out the poisonous disease germs which clog the skin, liver or kidneys. It is simply a question of purifying and building up; where there is anything left to build on, the Golden Medical Discovery will infallibly build up and cure. It cures cases which doctors declare "incurable."

Mr. Isaac Horner, proprietor of the Burton House, Burton, W. Va., and one of the most widely known men in the state, was cured of rheumatism after three years of suffering. He says: "I have not sufficient command of language to convey any idea of what I suffered. My physicians told me that nothing could be done for me and my friends were fully convinced that nothing but death would relieve me of my suffering. In June, 1894, Mr. Evans, then salesman for the Wheeling Drug Co., recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm. At this time my foot and limb were swollen to more than double their normal size and it seemed to me my leg would burst, but soon after I began using the Pain Balm the swelling began to decrease, the pain to leave, and now I consider that I am entirely cured. For sale by Z. T. Baltzy, druggist, opera block."

APPROPRIATE HONORS.

Massillon Observes Memorial Day on Monday.

PROF. JONES'S FORCIBLE ADDRESS.

The Armory Filled With Those Who Assembled to do Honor to the Soldier Dead—A Thrilling Historical Incident at Missionary Ridge.

The sun shone on Memorial Day as it has seldom shone this spring, and on scoured streets and under an unclouded sky loyal and patriotic Massillonians assembled to honor the nation's dead. It was remarked that not a drop of rain fell, and a facetious individual answered that after all it was not the 30th, but the 31st. The morning exercises at the cemetery took place according to programme, the Rev. Dr. Smith speaking at St. Mary's cemetery instead of the Rev. James Kuhn, who is still indisposed. In the afternoon, with Col. J. W. Wise in command, a column was formed consisting of the veterans of the war, escorted by the Sons and Daughters of Veterans, the spick and span Enterprise Division U. R. K. of P., led by the officers of their regiment, Col. Putnam in command, and the Massillon Military band. The procession moved to the Armory, where, amid decorations of flags and national colors, a large crowd assembled. On the stage, in their reaching from floor to ceiling, sat a chorus from the public schools, and in seats of honor, next to the stage, sat the gray and grizzled veterans who remain to tell the story of the great war as seen by their own eyes.

Mr. Frank L. Baldwin presided. Mr. J. H. Hunt sat at his right hand as vice president, and on his left the Rev. J. E. Digel, who offered prayer. After a national hymn, Prof. E. A. Jones was presented to the audience, who delivered an address that was brief but full of information and suggestion, securing the closest attention of all.

Mr. Jones in beginning his remarks dwelt upon the various holidays we recognize, and contrasted them with Memorial Day, showing that whereas all other holidays were occasions for festivity and rejoicing, Memorial Day was sacred to the dead, and should be observed with patriotism and reverent spirit. Memorial Day, he said, had no place in the calendar of any nation but our own. In other lands, monuments were erected to the leaders of men, and on anniversaries wreaths of laurel were laid upon them. America paid tribute to the soldier in the ranks, and chose this day to honor alike the general in command and the private in blue.

"A short time ago," said he, "a magnificent monument was erected to the memory of General Grant, one of the greatest soldiers of this or any other time. On the anniversary of his birth it was dedicated with the most imposing ceremonies. The chief executive of the nation, the leading officers of the army and navy, senators and representatives and a vast concourse of people were present. It was fitting that we should thus honor one who had led our armies to final triumph, and who wisely and safely directed the affairs of the nation through eight of the most trying years of its history."

"We do well to honor the great commanders. And what a list of them we have: Grant, the leader of leaders; Sherman, who led his army in that famous march from Atlanta to the sea; Sheridan, the matchless leader of cavalry; Farragut, who won such renown upon the ocean; Thomas, Hancock, McPherson, Meade, Hooker, and many others. Their names will have a prominent place upon the pages of our history and there is no danger that they will be forgotten."

"But today let us give special prominence to the common soldiers, who won the battles that the leaders planned; to the rank and file of the army, who endured the fatigue of the wearisome march, exposure to storm and cold, incurred the danger of the rifle pits, went through the terrible ordeal of battle, and in many cases suffered the horrors of the prison pen. It is a pleasant feature of Memorial Day that we decorate alike the graves of all the soldiers, without regard to their rank in the army or their condition at home."

"Who were these private soldiers? Whence came they? You will recall the exciting days of 1861. When the news was flashed over the wires that Fort Sumter had been fired upon, a call was made for troops, and the answer went back to Washington from every village and hamlet. 'We are coming, Father Abraham, 300,000 strong.'"

"In arms the huts and hamlets rose; From winding glen, from upland town, They poured each hardy tenant down; Prompt at the signal of alarms, Each hardy freeman rushed to arms."

"All classes were represented. The farmer left his field, the clerk resigned his position in the store; the merchant gave up his business; the mechanic exchanged his tools for the musket; the student left his books and the professor his class-room; lawyer and judge, school-master and clergyman, all rallied to the defense of the flag. Never before was such an army placed in the field. More than one company might have furnished the commissioned officers for several regiments."

"Much of our success was due to the intelligence and character of the common soldiery. There sometimes comes a great crisis in a battle when not only the skill of officers, but the intellectual resources of the rank and file are required to meet the emergency."

"Such an instance occurred in the famous assault upon Missionary Ridge. Plans were carefully wrought out by the commander in accordance with the sci-

ence of the army. One portion of the army was to advance, capture the rifle pits at the base of the ridge, hold the position and await further orders. This part of the plan was successfully carried out and to the satisfaction of the commanding officer. But he soon noticed an unexpected movement—the soldiers were climbing the heights. He somewhat sharply inquired, 'Who gave that order?' Thomas had not done it. Granger had not. The common soldiers realized the situation and they were equal to the emergency. They pushed forward and won the day. As someone has said: 'Everlasting honor be to the thirty-two thousand generals who made the famous assault upon Missionary Ridge.'

"I am happy to say in this presence that one of our Massillon citizens, Col. Jarvis, was the first to make the start."

"Comprehending the situation, he said, 'We can't stay here and will never go back—boys come on.'"

"All honor to Col. Dwight Jarvis and the 13th O. V. I., who led the charge up the steep and rocky sides of Missionary Ridge."

"Especially honor, too, to Joe Lloyd and Daniel Ritter, who first placed the colors upon the heights and kept them there until the folds of the flag had been pierced by sixteen bullets and the staff shattered by the fire of the enemy. They sacrificed their lives upon the altar of their country."

"Such deeds of heroism we honor today. The Sons of Veterans did well to name their camp after so brave a soldier as Daniel Ritter."

In conclusion Mr. Jones said:

"Comrades of Hart Post—On this Memorial Day, let us remember the fundamental principles of our order, 'fraternity, charity and loyalty,' and let us appreciate more fully their significance. During the past year some of our best loved and most highly honored comrades, who always took a deep interest in the observance of this day, and who participated with us in these exercises one year ago, have answered the roll call of the great commander and are no longer with us. We have today placed the floral tribute upon their graves. Our number is rapidly growing less. As the circle of the comradeship grows smaller may the fraternal ties that bind us together grow stronger."

"In accordance with the rules of our order we are required to exercise a watchful care over the families of our deceased brothers and to give sympathy and assistance to any comrade who may be in need. With the advancing years we shall be called upon more frequently for the exercise of charity."

"Let us ever be ready to do our full duty in this respect promptly and cheerfully."

"The third in our triad of principles is loyalty. On this Memorial Day we consecrate ourselves anew to our country's service, to the exercise of that loyalty that means not simply a readiness to respond to the call to arms, but the truest and best citizenship under all circumstances and at all times."

"Should the clouds ever gather and dangers threaten our country from foes without or foes within let it never be said that the nation has any more loyal supporters than those who defended it so bravely in the days from '61 to '65, and who now constitute the old guard."

"Sons and Daughters of Veterans. We are glad to see you with us today. We have only words of praise for your devotion to our order; for the spirit you have always manifested; for the interest you have taken in these memorial exercises, and for the assistance you have so cheerfully rendered. The G. A. R. is a peculiar order. It will soon become extinct. It will then devolve upon you to take the lead in arranging for the proper observance of this day. A sacred trust will be committed to your charge and we believe you will be faithful to it."

"And now, fellow citizens, let us all on this occasion, renew our allegiance to our beloved country. Let us save and all, old and young, pledge ourselves to defend its life, to protect its honor, preserve and perpetuate its institutions and use our best efforts to advance its interests in all that pertains to the highest and best civilization."

"Let us use our utmost endeavor to make this country what it should be, a beacon light in liberty and righteousness to all the nations of the earth." (Applause.)

Chairman Baldwin followed Prof. Jones with a few words of recollection of the late Daniel Ritter, and after the entire audience had risen and joined in singing "America," the exercises were declared to be over.

MASSILLON HORSES WIN.

How They Came Out at the Fair Ground Races.

The matinee races conducted at the county fair ground on Monday attracted scores of people from both Canton and Massillon, and were interesting. Massillon horses were victorious, winning two firsts and a second place. The scores:

Three minute trot or pace—Prince Acolyte, Rice, Massillon, 1; Strathroy, Weckman, Canton, 2; Pop, Morford, Canton, and Beaver, Hossler, Canton, tied for 3d place; S. and P. Kouth, Massillon, 4. Time of both heats, 1:16, 1:18.

2:25 trot or pace—Walter F. Rice, Massillon, 1; Max T. Morford, Canton, 2. Time, 1:11, 1:14.

Road trot or pace—John Dime, Brobst, Canton, 1; McKinley, Aikins, Canton, 2; George Douglass, Bergold, Canton, 3; Chattie C. Pocock, Massillon, 4. Time, 1:14, 1:12.

Free-for-all pace—Diamond, Rice, Mineral Point, 1; Grover Cleveland, Vogt & Vogt, Massillon, 2; Chimes Boy, Morford, Canton, 3. Time, 1:08, 1:13, 1:16.

A second matinee will be held on Saturday, June 12, at which a match race between Chattie C., owned by Harry F. Pocock, and Grover Cleveland, owned by Vogt & Vogt, will be pulled off.

Fine line of strawhats at J. W. Foltz's, 22 East Main street.

DAWFUSKIE ISLAND.

IT HAS A HISTORY AS THE SCENE OF MANY INDIAN STRUGGLES.

The Extreme Southeastern Point of South Carolina. The Tragedy of Bloody Point, That Wiped Out a Whole Tribe of Indians.

A new candidate for public favor is Dawfuskie island, one of the islands not far distant from Savannah and one of the most interesting historically. Dawfuskie is the Indian name of the island. It is some six miles in length and four miles in width, noted for its fish, cysters and crabs and famous of late years for its deer hunting. The Indians were very partial to it—that is, judging from the mounds, tomahawks, arrowheads and other relics of that race which are still to be found on the island. It is the southeasternmost point of South Carolina, and directly opposite Tybee island, and in what was formerly known as St. Luke's parish, Beaufort district, but now legally designated as Yemassee township, Beaufort county.

The island was at one time the property of the Mongin family, who settled about 1750, and up to the beginning of the late war it was divided into several plantations and had a population, in addition to the planters' families, of about 1,500 slaves. Several places on the island are still owned by the descendants of the Mongins, Bloody Point by Mr. Mongin Stoddard and Melrose by Mr. Alfred H. Stoddard.

The following story of Dawfuskie island, and appeared in The Morning News of June 24, 1873, and is all of its early history that can be found:

"The massacre of Bloody Point, though previous to the Revolutionary war, is still interesting as relating to the ancient history of St. Luke. The islands of Port Royal and St. Helena were pretty thickly settled with white population when Hilton Head, Dow Dasky, Pinckney and the other neighboring islands were held in possession by a few isolated Indians or were altogether uninhabited. They formed a kind of neutral ground between the white and red men. The Indians from Georgia were in the habit of making frequent incursions upon the white settlements, killing the inhabitants and carrying off whatever plunder they could gather, to their remote homes in the farther south. They formed large war parties and would proceed as far north as Hilton Head. Here they would skulk about till a fair chance offered, when they would cross Broad river and ravage the neighboring settlements; hence the name of skulk creek (and not skull, as is now written).

"The Indians were in the habit of returning to skulk creek after these incursions and would elude pursuit among its numerous nooks and windings. Upon one of these occasions, after having committed a number of murders and having loaded their canoes with whatever plunder they were able to collect, having secured a quantity of 'fire water,' it is presumed, from the sequel, they passed through skulk creek on their return south without stopping in their old haunts and never halted until they reached Dow Dasky, where they thought they would be beyond the reach of the whites."

"A very strong and determined party of whites went in pursuit of them. On reaching Hilton Head they learned from a few Indians of a friendly tribe that their enemies had not halted, but had proceeded south. Having induced these friendly Indians to join them as guides, they continued their pursuit farther south. When they had gone on as far as Dow Dasky, they discovered from the smoke of their camp that the Indians had halted at the southeast point of the island. The whites landed on the northwest portion and marched toward their enemies. The Indians had put all their boats a short distance up what is now known as New river, to avoid the surf which breaks upon the point. The Indians were at the extreme point, enjoying themselves in an unwonted round of conviviality and feasting. The whites approached cautiously and stealthily, and having got between the Indians and their boats, effectually cut off their retreat. A shower of bullets was the first intimation they had of the presence of an enemy. They were shot down, bayoneted, sabred and were finally driven into the sea."

"The surprise was complete; the massacre was dreadful; the white sands were crimsoned with blood, and the earth was strewn with wounded, dying and dead. A few, very few, escaped by swimming, some to the opposite marsh, and one swam entirely over to Tybee, a distance of three miles. From the dreadful carnage at this spot it received the name of Bloody Point, which it retains to this time, it being the extreme southeastern point of South Carolina. After this decisive victory the settlements to the north of Broad river received no further molestation from the southern Indians, and soon after Hilton Head itself began to be settled by the whites. The Indians who escaped, having collected after a lapse of some time, returned to Hilton Head, and, finding only two of the tribe who had guided the whites in their pursuit, avenged the downfall of their own tribe by destroying both of them. They then returned south and were lost sight of ever after. Such is the tradition in St. Luke's."

Savannah News.

Corrected.

Papa (just arrived from down town)—Well, where's Bessie? Why isn't she running to meet me, as usual?

Mamma—Bessie has been naughty and disobedient. I have had to deprive her of her playthings, and she has been weeping bitter tears in her own room for the last half hour.

Voice of Bessie (from adjoining room)—Tears ain't bitter. They're salt.

Chicago Tribune.

WAS LOOKING FOR TROUBLE.

When He Got It, He Was More Than Satisfied.

"Boxing lessons are all right as exercise," he was saying measuredly, "but for a peaceable man to take them up on the supposition that the knowledge might come in handy some time in a scrap—don't do it; that's what I say."

A little buzzing of dissent from his companions caused him to continue.

"I used to be a quiet duck as you ever saw. I wouldn't have hurt a man's feeling for anything, and the idea of men fighting with their fists was intolerable to me."

"But one night I chanced to see an exhibition in which two clever fellows sparred for points. It was very exciting, and in a week I was taking boxing lessons."



"I will never know just what happened myself. I reasoned that while I was of an extremely peaceable disposition I couldn't tell when somebody might give me occasion to defend myself. I felt that there wasn't one chance in 1,000 for me to get into a rough and tumble scrap, but I thought I might as well be prepared in case the unexpected did happen."

"Well, I was a pretty good pupil. I put on muscle and science, and finally I joined an athletic club. When there wasn't a single member of the club who would stand up against me, I began to long for more worlds to conquer."

"As I said, there wasn't one chance in 1,000 for a man of my disposition to get into a row, but do you know that very fact began to gull me? I used to think, looking at some husky fellow:

"My! Don't I wish he'd tackle me! Wouldn't I give him a surprise party, though?"

"But nobody ever did. And there I was, as I thought, able to lick any ordinary man out of his boots! It was just like having a present of a fine shooting outfit on the condition that you were not to leave the city limits."

"There I went around just aching for a fight. I found myself elbowing people, treading on their toes, making remarks on their personal appearance—anything that might induce the ordinary man to square off at me."

"You know you can't go around that way many weeks without being accommodated. I found my man one morning by slipping into a car seat while he stood before it paring his coat with a razor to sit down."

"I never will know just what happened next. Everything was too sudden. The first thing I knew he had his hand in my collar and was pulling me up against a big pile driver fist which was making about 70 revolutions a minute."

"Then somebody was sprinkling water in my face. I learned afterward that the fellow was one of the worst bruisers in town, and that he had a contempt for all rules of boxing. His motto was to lick a man before the man could get on the defensive. I've never boxed any since. I'd be better looking now if I'd never boxed at all."

As he smiled, it was noticed that four teeth were out in the front of his lower jaw.

AN INGENIOUS TRAMP.

"Jack the Hammock Rider" Travels in Comfort and Lives by His Wits.

A queer character is "Jack the hammock rider," who is now touring the west in his own peculiar style. Jack's hammock is of his own construction and bears the mark of considerable ingenuity. It is designed to fasten under a sleeping car to old Jack in heating the railroad. The hammock is made of heavy canvas, quilted on the inside and fastened to a stout stick at each end. Two large iron hooks project from the wooden rods and by these he attaches his novel resting place to the two iron bars which run the length of each side of the car. A cover is sewed to one side and almost covers the ends, the sewed edge being placed toward the engine, so that the wind pressure will keep out the dust as the car speeds along.

But the interest in Jack is not only due to his peculiar mode of travel, but also to the fact that his life illustrates a man of his characteristics. During the recent campaign he attracted considerable attention as a stump speaker, and by his ready wit he has gained a friend in almost every town he has visited. Neither working nor begging, he procures his meals and shelter by dint of clever invention and repartee.

Jack studied in Chicago at the Rush Medical college, intending to make medicine his profession, but he prefers his roving life and declares he is "the happiest hobo in the world."

Nailed the Bike Thief. A pretty story of the biter bit comes from Paris: A few days ago a bicycle was stolen from the front of a cafe on the boulevards. Prompted by a happy inspiration, the owner put an advertisement in the Gaulois, stating that he desired to purchase a machine, and describing pretty accurately the one he had just lost. The plan was perfectly successful, for next day the thief appeared wanting to sell the advertised bicycle, and was promptly handed over to the police.

SOME COMMON NAMES.

Fifty of the Most Numerous in Great Britain and Ireland.

These are the 50 most common surnames of the babies born in England and Wales, in Scotland and in Ireland, arranged in the order of their numerical importance:

England and Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.
1. Smith.	1. Smith.	1. Murphy.
2. Jones.	2. Kelly.	2. Kelly.
3. Williams.	3. Brown.	3. Sullivan.
4. Taylor.	4. Thompson.	4. Walsh.
5. Davies.	5. Robertson.	5. Smith.
6. Brown.	6. Stewart.	6. O'Brien.
7. Thomas.	7. Campbell.	7. Byrne.
8. Evans.	8. Wilson.	8. Byrne.
9. Roberts.	9. Anderson.	9. Connor.
10. Johnson.	10. Scott.	10. O'Neill.
11. Wilson.	11. Fraser.	11. Doyle.
12. Robinson.	12. McKenna.	12. Doyle.
13. Wright.	13. Reid.	13. McCarthy.
14. Wood.	14. Ross.	14. Gallagher.
15. Thompson.	15. McKay.	15. Doherty.
16. Hall.	16. Johnston.	16. Kennedy.
17. Green.	17. Murray.	17. Lynch.
18. Walker.	18. Clark.	18. Murray.
19. Hughes.	19. Paterson.	19. Quinn.
20. Edwards.	20. Young.	20. Riordan.
21. Lewis.	21. Fraser.	21. Gallagher.
22. White.	22. McLean.	22. Carroll.
23. Turner.	23. Henderson.	23. Connolly.
24. Jackson.	24. Mitchell.	24. Daly.
25. Hill.	25. Morrison.	25. Connell.
26. Harris.	26. Cameron.	26. Wilson.
27. Clark.	27. Watson.	27. Dunne.
28. Cooper.	28. Walker.	28. Brennan.
29. Harrison.	29. Taylor.	29. Burke.
30. Ward.	30. McLeod.	30. Collins.
31. Martin.	31. Ferguson.	31. Campbell.
32. Davis.	32. Duncan.	32. Clarke.
33. Baker.	33. Gray.	33. Johnston.
34. Morris.	34. Davidson.	34. Hughes.
35. James.	35. Hunter.	35. Farrell.
36. King.	36. Hamilton.	36. Fitzgerald.
37. Morgan.	37. Kerr.	37. Brown.
38. Allen.	38. Grant.	38. Martin.
39. Moore.	39. McIntosh.	39. Maguire.
40. Parker.	40. Graham.	40. Nolan.
41. Clarke.	41. White.	41. Ryan.
42. Cook.	42. Allen.	42. Thompson.
43. Price.	43. Simpson.	43. Callaghan.
44. Phillips.	44. McGregor.	44. O'Donnell.
45. Shaw.	45. Munro.	45. Dunly.
46. Bennett.	46. Sinclair.	46. Mahony.
47. Lee.	47. Bell.	47. Boyle.
48. Watson.	48. Martin.	48. Healy.
49. Griffiths.	49. Russell.	49. Shea.
50. Carter.	50. Gordon.	50. White.

—Pall Mall Gazette.

A FALSE TEACHING.

That Man's Chief End Is to Crucify Spontaneity on the Cross of Drudgery.

The Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst writes of "The Young Man at Play" in The Ladies' Home Journal. He asserts that "it is play rather than toil that is most germane to our true nature and that lies closest to the divine intention. The care needing to be exercised as to the quality of our amusements must never be construed into a verdict against amusements in themselves considered. With most of us the play impulse stands far more in need of encouragement than it does of restriction. The proverb, 'It is better to wear out than to rust out' is true in form, but false in spirit. The flowers do not wear out, but neither do they rust out."

"One reason why so many people are asking whether life is worth living is that we are teaching ourselves that man's chief end is to struggle and to crucify spontaneity on a cross of drudgery. We are not arguing for indolence. Indolence is as distinct from play as a pool is from a mountain brook. But we shall be greatly disappointed in heaven if it does not give a great deal of opportunity for energy to issue in activity that takes no thought and is a joy to itself, and an experience that will be saintly in heaven can hardly with reason be criticised as limp and puerile if indulged in before we enter heaven."

He Got Judgment.

A Washington attorney is rather noted for the facility with which he forgets financial obligations. He has owned a certain grocer \$8 for a year or two. The other day the merchant concluded to try a new course with him. Meeting him in his store, he said:

"Judge, I have a customer who owes me a small bill and has owed it for a long time. He makes plenty of money, but won't pay. What would you do?"

"I'd sue him," said the lawyer emphatically.

"Well, I will put the account in your hands," and the merchant presented a statement of the account against himself.

"All right. I will attend to it," said the disciple of Blackstone.

A few days later the merchant received the following note from the lawyer:

"In the case of ——— against ——— I took judgment for full amount of your claim. Execution was issued and returned 'no property found.' My fee for obtaining judgment is \$10, for which amount please send check. Will be glad to serve you in any other matters in which you may need an attorney."—Washington Star.

A Unique Village.

Buckland-on-the-Moor, a secluded village of Devonshire, England, has no public house, parson, policeman or pauper. The squire owns all the land. The farms are small, but profitable. The farm laborers live in the squire's cottages. When they fall sick, the squire pays their wages as usual, and when they are too old to work any more they are continued on the pay list and potted about, doing what they please.

The Growsome Mahratta.

The growsome mahratta wadkah, the weapon of the Hindoo assassin, is shaped like a tiger's claws and fastened to the fingers of the right hand by rings. With a treacherous embrace the murderer claps his victim and tears him open, leaving him mutilated in a condition that leads the discoverers of the body to believe a tiger or some other wild beast has clawed the man to death.

In 1861 Mendoza suffered from an earthquake, which shattered many houses, and fire broke out among the ruins, occasioning the most terrible conflagration the city had ever known. Over 10,000 lives were lost on this occasion.

Wheat, in 100 parts, contains 14.4 of water; mineral elements, 2; albuminoids, 18; carbohydrates, 67.6; crude fiber, 8; fats, 1.5.

1 OUT OF 3 EVERY

Persons you meet every day,

WILL DIE

OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE

or some trouble of the kidneys, urinary or female organs.

THIS IS STARTLING, BUT IT IS TRUE.

WHAT CAN BE DONE?

In such a serious condition you must secure the best remedy you can find in the market

AT ONCE.

There is only one absolutely sure cure for these troubles, and that is

Warranted Safe Cure

"It has stood the test of time."

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's, Ask for Carter's, Insist and demand Carter's Little Liver Pills.

FOR YOUR OUTING GO TO PICTURESQUE JACKSON ISLAND.

ONE THOUSAND MILES OF LAKE RIDGE AT SMALL EXPENSE.

Visit this Historical Island, which is the grandest summer resort on the Great Lakes. It only costs about \$13 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berth. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, amusements, bath rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Star" Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit and Cleveland and Put-In-Bay. The palatial equipment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrative descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. & A. D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

NEW TIN SHOP

CRITCHFIELD & SON,

Experienced Tanners and Slaters

Give prompt attention to slate, tin and iron roofing, spouting, furnace repairing and general job work.

21 CLAY STREET

MASSILLON, O.

The FATHER of a FAMILY

Can Lighten His Load

of having to procure large amounts of money to pay rent each month by going to DUNN'S and buying one of his many bargains in city lots which are selling at hard times prices, and on the easiest terms.

James R. Dunn

Stone Block

BRACE OF BEAR STORIES

A Florida Girl's Hand to Hand Fight With Bruin.

SLEW HIM WITH A ROLLING PIN.

A Famous Fight With Grizzlies That Has Been Celebrated In Verse by Bret Harte. A Terrible Combat In the Humboldt Mountains.

Florida has a brave girl in the person of Marie Robinson, who lives two miles from Fort Pierce on Cedar hammock. While she was making bread the other day she



MARIE ROBINSON AND THE BEAR.

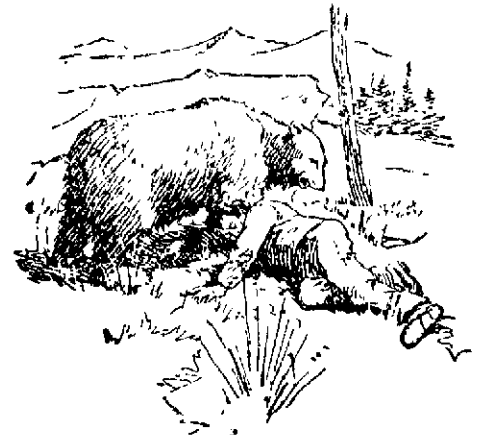
was startled by the appearance of a young black bear close beside her, standing on its hind feet. Raising a big hard wood rolling pin, she brought it down with a tremendous whack on the bear's snout. Bruin did not like this treatment, and advanced toward the girl, fering with his forepaws. Again Miss Robinson delivered a blow at her advancing foe, but the bear had learned wisdom, and he deftly parried the blow with his right paw. He then caught Miss Robinson's dress with his other paw, tearing it from her shoulder. In return she gave him a straight right hander with the roller, which caught him under the ear and set him down. Bruin scrambled up from the second round and was pretty mad. He shuffled up to the girl, warily keeping both forepaws extended and growling angrily. Miss Robinson again landed a right roller, hitting him squarely between the eyes. As soon as he recovered from the stunning effects of the blow he endeavored to grasp the girl in his paws. Seizing a big butcher knife that lay on the table Miss Robinson lunged forward with it, its blade penetrating the bear's neck. A bright stream followed its withdrawal and bruin was becoming groggy. Blow after blow with the rolling pin fell upon his head, and after a few minutes the brave girl had the satisfaction of seeing the animal roll over on his side and expire.

Men Against Grizzlies.

The death of Thomas Scallie at Santa Ana, Cal., the other day, recalls to the mind of many an old pioneer in the Golden State one of the most desperate fights with grizzly bears ever recounted about the fire in retelling camp. Bret Harte made the affair the subject of a poem in The Overland Monthly in his days of apprenticeship as a popular writer.

One day in the fall of 1858 three placer miners who were on their way across the mountains and through the timber were traveling up a narrow canyon, almost a gulch, in the Humboldt county mountains in central California. The men were almost land-hungry, having had no food since the noon of the previous day. They passed a huge howler and saw several hundred rods ahead a family of eight grizzly bears. Three were large, shaggy beasts, and the others were probably a year old. The men held a hasty consultation, and their hunger making them desperate, and having much ammunition with them, they decided to attack the big fellows for the sake of the stonks they might get. The men looked to their old muzzle loading guns and saw that their ammunition was safe. Then they advanced upon the mighty beasts, each man having arranged with the others exactly where he was to shoot.

Thomas Scallie always claimed that he had sense enough, as the men got near the ferocious grizzlies, to give up the hunt and climb for safety up a tree, with his gun slung across his shoulder. The other men, S. K. Wood and Lane Wilson, threw prudence to the winds and advanced to within 50 yards of the bears. Wood fired his rifle, and the nearest bear fell, hitting and tearing the ground as though in the agonies of death. While Wood was reloading his rifle Wilson brought down a bear. Five of the grizzlies retreated up a pine, but one shaggy monster remained with her fallen companions. She sat erect on her haunches and turned her eyes on the men as if daring them to battle. Wilson, eyed by her aspect, ran for a tree, while Wood tried to reload his gun, but found himself unable to ram the ball down



THE GRIZZLY STOOD MAJESTICALLY OVER HIM.

on the powder. While in this predicament the grizzly that had not fled rushed at him. Wood succeeded in getting into a small buckeye tree and used the gun to beat the bear off as she attacked the tree with the intention of shaking him out.

While he was engaged in fighting off this bear Wood, to his horror, saw the animal had well wounded rise and rush toward him. No blows that he could inflict on the wounded animal could check her. At the first spring she made the tree broke and the bears jumped for Wood. He gained his feet and made with all speed down the mountain to where another small tree stood about 30 yards away. He reached the tree with the wounded bear at his heels and, seizing the trunk, swung his body around so as to give the bear room to pass him, while she did, plunging headlong down the mountain about 20 yards. Before Wood could, with his full strength, swing himself into the tree the second bear bounded up and seized his right ankle. By this time the wounded

bear returned, and as Wood fell she snapped at his face. He dodged and she caught his left shoulder.

Then commenced a terrible struggle. The maddened animals tugged in opposite directions at Wood's ankle and shoulder, and he was in imminent danger of being torn to pieces. He fought as best he could, but each exertion he put forth only intensified the rage of the bears. When he was almost fainting with pain, the bear that had not been wounded dropped his ankle and trotted slowly after his companions up the ravine. Then the wounded bear let go her hold on his shoulder. Wood sank back on the ground and lay perfectly quiet, as though dead, hardly daring to breathe. The grizzly stood majestically over him, watching for the slightest movement and snarling with rage. The pain that moked the man's frame was frightful, and he risked his life in an effort to assume an easier position.

At the first movement the grizzly, snarling furiously, rushed at him. She shoved her nose close to his face and sniffed at him, but Wood was again motionless, and the bear, raising her head, gave vent to unearthly roars. Wood, knowing that his life depended on it, remained motionless, and the bear trotted after her companions up the ravine.

When he attempted to rise, Wood found that his right hip was dislocated and his left shoulder was chewed to the bone, while his clothing had been stripped from his body, and his flesh had been chewed in a hundred places. Inch by inch he painfully dragged himself from the spot, until Seabring and Wilson, accompanied by David A. Buck, who had been left to guard the camp, found him and carried him to their quarters.

FEAZED THE DRUMMER.

Woke Up and Was Embarrassed to Find Ladies Exploring His Clothes.

"Well, sir, you can say all you wish about the natural callousness and effrontery of men; but, by George, if you can find anything to surpass a little experience of mine in Cedar Rapids, Ia., last month, I'd like to hear about it," said the modest commercial traveler. "I tell you, men are just nowhere in a competitive test with women where pure, unadulterated brazenness is concerned. I was compelled to take a little run to Cedar Rapids on business, so I boarded an afternoon train from Chicago, and landed at my destination about 1 o'clock a. m. Of course I went to the best hotel the place afforded.

"'Got a nice room?' I asked the clerk. "'Nope—we're all full,' was the laconic reply. "'Everywhere?' said I. "'Everywhere!' ch—'By the way, 'Can't you put me in the attic?' "'Attic's full too.' "'Well,' I said, 'you've got to fix me a cot somewhere, for I can't and won't stir another step tonight.' So we argued for awhile, and finally it was agreed that I



AWAKE TO FIND THE LADIES EXPLORING HIS CLOTHES.

was to sleep on a cot in the main corridor on the parlor floor. The clerk said that he would see that I was waked very early in the morning, at 5 o'clock I chose.

"'But I don't choose,' I said. 'I want to sleep late—I'm dead tired.' "'Sorry, sir,' said the clerk, 'but the hotel's full of W. C. T. U. women, and you'll have to get up at daybreak if you want to come alive.'

"I grumbled awhile, but was too sleepy to say much, so bundled off to bed, the headlong clerk leading the way. I was rather appalled, on reaching the parlor floor, to see a solitary narrow cot occupying one end of a long, wide corridor, into which opened a dizzying number of doors. But I screwed up my nerve, and when the clerk departed I divested myself of my coat and vest and prepared myself for a sweet, undisturbed rest. I was dimly conscious of being horribly uncomfortable during the night and of having taken off first this and then that article of apparel.

However it happened, at about half past 5 one of the bellboys attempted to get me out of bed. Do you think he succeeded? No, sir, I was tired, mad as the deuce and only half awake. So I exchanged a few pleasantries with him, fired a lot of delicate attentions in the form of shoes, trousers, coats and things upon him, and then lay down and went peacefully to sleep again.

"At about 7 o'clock I was again aroused, but this time by the subdued, excited murmur of feminine voices. I opened my eyes with a start and cautiously raised my head a little bit. And, sir, do you know, there were at least 20 women in that corridor, each to all appearances, examining a separate article of my attire. Here was one big, fat woman closely scrutinizing the inside lining of my vest, while another ascertained the number of my shoe. A third was raveling out the silk threads in my necktie, and two or three were examining my new \$4 suspenders. Frankly, I wanted to shoot at them, but there I was, lying in state—and an older don quilt—in scarcely the costume to address ladies. I shut my eyes and patiently waited, but they waited too. I coughed, and instantly the murmur of voices ceased.

"I turned over as though I were about to wake, and then waited again. All was silent. So I peeped out from under the folds of the quilt. And there were those women lined up on each side of the hall, watching me like hawks. I threw one arm outside the cover, there was a rustle of paper falling to the floor, and as I suddenly sat up the whole lot of the women laid down the corridor like frightened rabbits and disappeared down the stairway.

Well, I got up and knew that in my coat and vest pockets, and laid like a coverlid with my trousers and laid like a coverlid over the cot were trousers—'Avoid the demon drink,' 'Rush not headlong to perdition,' and all that sort of thing. The only wonder to me about the whole thing is that they didn't force me to eat their lovely tracts, for the inside of me was the only place they forgot to leave one."

Theosophy and Coal.

Four years ago certain masculine, short haired, theosophical ladies were advised by Mahatmas to lure for coal on the Red Bluff, St. Kilda, Melbourne. About 48,000 in cash and 1,000 feet of borings have been put into the venture, and about 80 tons of rich ocean mud and excellent road metal taken out, but no coal.

HORSE MEAT DEFENDED.

An Authority Claims Prejudice Prohibits Its General Use.

Everybody is aware that the horse is the cleanest of all domestic animals. It will not eat anything but good, healthy food, nor drink any but pure water. A horse would rather starve than swill the rotten stuff often given to pigs and cattle. It is nothing but prejudice that prevents us from eating horse-flesh.

A similar prejudice retarded the introduction of the potato 100 years ago. Today we could not get along without it. Yet the prejudice against potatoes can be explained. The people had been told that this American root caused fever and rendered the ground unfit for all other crops. The exception against horseflesh is not even founded upon any objection to its properties. It is solely due to the influence of the church. The clergy did everything possible to prevent the newly converted Saxons from returning to their heathenish practices and prohibited the use of horseflesh to stop the sacrifices to Odin and Thor. A long time passed before these sacrifices were altogether discontinued.

The nations of Europe have suffered enormous loss by this prohibition of horseflesh. Especially from the humanitarian point of view the results are most deplorable. Millions of people are forced to live on potatoes and similar food wanting in nutritive qualities, while millions of pounds of the very best meat are wasted. Horseflesh is the most nourishing of all meats, and its taste is hardly to be distinguished from that of beef. The flesh of a horse fed on oats has a smell similar to gooseflesh. The fat is preferable to lard. Above all, it should be remembered that no flesh is so healthy as that of the horse. Trichinosis and similar diseases are unknown in horses. Tuberculosis, very common in cattle, is very rare in horses.—Frankfurter Zeitung.

PRIVATE BRADLAUGH.

How He Rebuked an Officer For His Ungentlemanly Conduct.

One of Messrs. Cassell's publications says that the late Charles Bradlaugh, when in the British army, was orderly room clerk, and a newly arrived officer once entered the room where he was sitting at work and addressed to him some discourteous order. Private Bradlaugh took no notice. The order was repeated with an oath. Still no movement. Then it came again, with some foul words added. The young soldier rose, drew himself to his full height, and, walking up to the officer, bade him leave the room or he would throw him out. He went accordingly, but in a few moments the grumbling of muskets was heard outside, the door opened, and the colonel walked in, accompanied by the officer.

It was clear that the private soldier had committed an act for which he might be court-martialed, and as he said once, "I felt myself in a tight place." The officer made his accusation, and Private Bradlaugh was bidden to explain. He asked that the officer should state the exact words in which he had addressed him, and the other, who had, after all, a touch of honor in him, gave the offensive sentence word for word. Then Private Bradlaugh said, addressing the colonel, that the officer's memory must surely be at fault in the whole matter, as he could not have used language so unbecoming to an officer and a gentleman. The colonel turned to the officer with the dry remark: "I think Private Bradlaugh is right. There must be some mistake," and he left the room.

A New Antiseptic.

We are willing to admit that the Japanese can give us points on various industries and mechanical arts, but we have scarcely been prepared for the announcement that they are ahead of us in certain points in surgery. Antiseptic dressings are among the absolutely necessary surgical appliances. There is more or less difficulty in preparing them, and they are for the most part expensive, and many of them are not at all satisfactory. During the war Japanese surgeons used the ashes of rice-straw as a dressing for wounds, and met with most remarkable success. The wound was cleaned, the ashes applied freely, then sublimate gauze or linen was used as a wrapping. These ashes are said to be a perfect antiseptic, and owe these qualities to the presence of potassium carbonate. English and American surgeons are trying this dressing, and if it is as successful in their hands as in the Japanese, it certainly is a wonderful stride in antiseptic surgery, and is unquestionably the cheapest dressing that has ever been prepared.—New York Ledger.

Not Quite Yet.

"Still putting up high buildings, I see," said the stranger.

"Oh, yes," replied the native carelessly.

"How do you do it now?" asked the stranger.

"How? I don't believe I understand you," answered the native.

"Why, I have heard so many remarkable things about your methods of construction and the improvements that have been made in them," said the stranger, "that I didn't know—I wasn't quite sure that—that?"

"Well? That what?"

"That you hadn't reached a point where you begin at a cloud and build down."

"No-o. Not yet," returned the native thoughtfully. "But we're getting there."—Chicago Post.

Sour Grapes.

The fox had jumped and jumped and jumped. He sat down with his tongue hanging out and eyed the unattainable grapes with a well assumed air of indifference.

"Dear no!" he remarked airily.

"How careless of me not to notice that they were not edible grapes, but good only to make into table d'hôte wine."—Indianapolis Journal.

ENTIRELY NEW

With Each Cash Purchase of Two Dollars or more,

We will Present you Free of Charge,

The finest Souvenirs ever used by any house in the town.

Genuine Steel Engravings.

All new subjects, including the celebrated prize picture of Rosa Bonheur and many other famous pictures from the PARIS SALON. These beautiful pictures are worth framed \$1.00, we will sell them at half price, 50 cents. . .

If you will remember the

... Special Low Prices ...

That are now ruling in every department.

Have you seen our Handsome Chiffoniers at \$5.
Our Hand Polished Sideboards at - \$9.75.
Our Handsome Oak Bedroom Suites at \$15.00.
Our Fine Parlor Suites at - - \$30.00.

We . . SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR MAY
Offer .

- - - - AND IN ADDITION - - - -

A HANDSOME PICTURE FREE.

You will find it pays to trade at

Benedict's White Palace, ..63-65...
S. Erie St.

NEW WALL PAPERS

All the Newest and Best things in the
Spring Styles of Wall Paper
can be seen at

E. F. BAHNEY'S

All the new dark effects in

Blue, Red, Brown, Green, Yellow, etc.

Some very beautiful effects in Satin Chamber Papers. Pressed Papers.

Ingrain is being used very largely this season, Some of our leading factories having given special attention to the color effects in Plain Papers.

Regular 10 cent whites for 3 cents.
Don't fail to see these.

Good Gilt Papers at 4 and 5 cents.

Reliable Paper-hangers furnished. Prices and work guaranteed. Room Mouldings to match all Papers.

Curtains Every grade and color, from 10c up. These you will appreciate as there are some bargains never shown before.

Curtain Poles of every Description and Price.
Brass Rods and Fixtures.

Try our Wall Paper Cleaner there is none better.

Bahney's, 20 East Main Street.

MASSILLON O.

THE POCOCK MINE IDLE.

Union Rules Violated, So the Men Claim.

THE OPERATORS WILL NOT YIELD.

Entry Turning at Night Causes the Trouble.—Mr. Pocock Says He will Put in Machines Rather than Yield to the Demands of the Miners.

The Pocock mine No. 2, located on the Cyrus Young farm, is idle, for the reason that the miners and day hands, numbering fully 200, have been discharged. On Saturday morning the men refused to begin work unless a fellow workman, John R. Jones, was called out. Superintendent Kouth complied with the wishes of the men until an explanation could be given. At noon the miners met and expressed their grievances. Jones, it seems, had violated one of the rules by which the miners govern themselves and they demanded his immediate discharge. Christ Kouth, the mine superintendent, refused, however, and the miners met a second time and finally decided that Jones should be suspended from the mine for five weeks, and refused to resume work until their wishes were carried out. They were promptly ordered to take their tools from the mine.

On Wednesday they will meet President Mossop, of the district Independent organization. Operator J. F. Pocock stated today that he would never discharge or suspend Jones, for he considered the latter in the right, and that he would place machines in the mine before yielding to the miners' demands. They can resume work if they desire, but each man will be compelled to apply for the position. It is understood that by this method several of the men who are said to have repeatedly created trouble will be refused.

Jones and another miner named Sayer had been forcing an entry at night and thus prepared coal for the day shift to load the following morning. Sayer did not work for several nights, and on Sunday Jones entered the mine alone and prepared the coal, thereby saving the day shift considerable delay. In doing so, however, he violated one of the rules of the district organization.

TREASURY ALL RIGHT.

Examiners Report and Give the Officers Credit.

CANTON, June 1.—John C. Mong and J. H. Reigner, who were appointed to make the semi-annual examination of the books of the county treasury, have completed their work and filed their report with the probate judge this morning. In the treasury to the credit of the county they found a fund of \$18,401.19, and \$58,215.78 belonging to the city of Canton. They also report a balance in

every fund except the interest and debt, county and bridge funds. The overdraft with Dow tax refunded is \$20,529.18, and the county overdraft alone is \$15,410.39. The examiners speak in a manner most complimentary of the way in which the general business of the office is conducted.

ZOAR'S CELEBRATION.

The Swabians Have Taken the Queer Old Town.

ZOAR, June 1. The place has been in the hands of the Swabians, who came Sunday from Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Cleveland, in addition to the large settlement here, and their purpose was to celebrate the eighty-fifth anniversary of the settlement of their colonies. The village was gaily decorated with the stars and stripes, and the colors of the German fatherland. The feature of Sunday was a reception held by Clevelanders and Zoarites, at which the music from John Duss's band, from Economy, was listened to with enthusiasm.

Promptly at 6 o'clock Monday morning the reveille sounded and an hour later breakfast was served. At 10 a delegation of 2,000 or 3,000 Clevelanders, both English and German, were received at the depot, where a parade, headed by Duss's band and the Great Western band of Cleveland, was formed, and a march through the principal streets followed. A concert of the United Swabian Society was held Monday afternoon, and the day's doings terminated in the evening with a volkfest.

OBITUARY NOTICES.

WARRICK M. ROGERS.

Warrick M. Rogers died at his Park street home at ten minutes before 2 o'clock Tuesday morning, of consumption. For five years he had been a victim of that disease, and for the past ten months he had been confined to his home almost the whole time. The funeral services will be held at his late residence at 1:30 Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Rogers was born in Pittsburgh in 1845, and was married to Armelia A. Woollen, at that place, in 1868. More than twenty years ago he brought his family to Massillon, and at different times was foreman of the boiler making departments of the works of both Russell & Company and the Massillon Bridge Company. At the time of his death he was the proprietor of the West Side Boiler Works, which he opened ten years ago.

Mr. Rogers was a veteran of the late war, having served in the Pennsylvania cavalry, 14th regiment, company D. He was enrolled on Feb. 29, 1864, and was given an honorable discharge on Aug. 24, 1865. Mr. Rogers was a member of Hart Post, G. A. R., Daniel Bitter Camp, Sons of Veterans; the Protected Home Circle, and the Sr. O. U. A. M.

A wife and four children survive him. The latter are Martha, Margaret, William and Ray, all of whom reside in Massillon.

FREDERICK RADTKE.

Frederick Radtke died at 1 o'clock

Tuesday afternoon. He had been a sufferer with bronchitis and asthma for years, and the broken leg and other injuries which he sustained in an accident on Monday hastened the end. He was 60 years of age and leaves a wife and four children. The funeral services will be held at the Kracker street residence at 1:30 o'clock Friday afternoon, the Rev. L. H. Barry officiating.

HIS LOSSES KILLED HIM.

George Dalheimer, of West Brookfield, Shoots Himself.

A LETTER OF EXPLANATION LEFT.

He Says That the Buying and Selling of a Meat Market, Which Resulted in Considerable Loss, Made Life Unbearable, and So He Died.

Sisters of George Dalheimer found a letter addressed to them lying in their brother's room, early Wednesday morning, and upon opening it read: "You will find my dead body in the southeast corner of father's woods." It was signed "George Dalheimer."

Filled with horror, they at once went to the spot designated in the letter, and sure enough, there lay their dead brother with a ghastly, gaping wound in his left side, and near by a revolver containing one exploded cartridge. Deputy Coroner Klingensmith was notified.

George Dalheimer was 28 years old, and two weeks ago was married to Miss Nellie Moylan, of West Brookfield. They had not yet gone to housekeeping. He lived with his father, and his wife at her home in West Brookfield. He also left letters addressed to his father and his wife, in one of which he says that a financial loss which he sustained some time ago, by the buying and selling of a meat market, made him so miserable that he thought he would be happier dead. The Dalheimer residence is near Sixteen school house.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all female complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have loss of appetite, constipation, headache, fainting spells, or are nervous, sleepless, excitable, melancholy or troubled with dizzy spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cent and \$1 at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

There is Nothing So Good

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, so demand it, and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be just as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For coughs, colds, consumption and for all affections of throat, chest and lungs there is nothing so good as Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store. Regular size 50 cents and \$1.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial packages free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

When a little one is expected in the family, how lovingly the parents plan together for its future welfare. They sometimes even forecast its education and career. Does this seem too early to anticipate while the child is yet unborn? It isn't. The child's destiny has already been partly mapped out by nature, according to the disposition and habits of the parents. The best plan a mother can make for the future happiness of her unborn child is to maintain her own cheerfulness and health while her child's undeveloped being is still a part of hers. Her health at this critical period is of tremendous consequence to the little one's whole future existence. Every prospective mother will find direct nourishment, comfort and sustaining strength in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It will maintain her vitality both bodily and mental; shorten the period of confinement, and make labor easy and almost painless. It imparts strength and elasticity to the organs concerned in parturition, invests the mother with recuperative energy against after weakness and depression, and aids in the secretion of healthy nourishment for the child. It is the unfailing cure of all female weakness.

"For three years we have never been without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy in the house," says A. H. Patter, with E. C. Atkins & Co., Indianapolis, Ind., "and my wife would as soon think of being without flour as a bottle of this remedy in the summer season. We have used it with all three of our children and it has never failed to cure—not simply stop pain, but cure absolutely. It is all right, and anyone who tries it will find it so." For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist, opera block.

Very Painful.

"I was afflicted with a dull feeling and my back was covered with scrofulous eruptions which were very painful. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using about two bottles I found that it did me a great deal of good. I continued its use and it entirely cured me."—John T. Phillips, 2102 Avell St., Cleveland, O.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as adults. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. The price of coffee, 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT

Receiver's Notice.

The undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified by the Probate Court of Stark County, Ohio, as receiver in trust for the benefit of the creditors of Marks & Co., of Massillon, in said county. All persons indebted to said Marks & Co. will make immediate payment, and creditors will present their claims according to law, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance. Dated Massillon, Ohio, this 28th day of May, A. D., 1897.

FRANK C. SIBILA, Receiver.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed Executor of the estate of Herman Marks, late of Stark County Ohio, deceased. Dated the 18th day of May, 1897.

FREDERICK MARKS, Executor.

WANTED

RAZORS—Send your razors by mail to A. W. Jones, No. 216 East Seventh street, Canton, to be hollow ground, set ready for use. Temper not disturbed.

Notice to Contractors.

Notice is hereby given that until the 19th day of June, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, of Tuscarawas Township, Stark County, Ohio, for building a school house on the lot situate in Sub-District No. 8 of said Township and according to the plans and specifications on file in the clerk's office.

Each bid shall contain the name of every person interested in the same and shall be accompanied by a sufficient guarantee of some disinterested person, that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into and the performance of it properly secured. When both labor and materials are embraced in the work bid for, each must be separately stated in the bid with the price thereof.

None but the lowest responsible bid will be accepted, and the board reserves the right to reject all the bids or accept any bid for both labor and material which is the lowest in the aggregate. By order of the board of education of Tuscarawas Township. HENRY MADDER, Clerk of Board. East Greenville, Stark County, O.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed executor of the estate of George Harsh, late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased. Dated, Massillon, Ohio, this 18th day of May, 1897.

FRANK L. HALDWIN, WILLIAM B. HUMBERGER

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed Administrator de bonis non with will annexed, of the estate of Emmeline Rigler, late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased. Dated the 5th day of May, 1897.

ROBERT E. WILSON, Administrator, de bonis non with will annexed.

SPECIAL SALE ON WASH GOODS!

The following special and extremely low prices have been made in our Wash Goods Department. They are such great values that we cannot promise them to last. In the lot you will find elegant materials for shirt waists in all colors.

800 yards Lace Lawns and Scotch Lappets. The newest things out this season, worth 25 cts. they go at 18c a yard.

1000 yards of Lace Lawns, immense values at 12½c a yard.

800 yards of Dimity and Lawns have been marked for this sale, 8c a yard.

DON'T FORGET

We are giving a HIGH GRADE BICYCLE away free to our customers. A ticket given with each dollar purchase.

GRONE'S DRY GOODS STORE,

Massillon, O. Next to the Canal.

THE SENSATION OF THE YEAR!

... Will exceed in interest anything we have ever done; that will eclipse anything ever attempted in Stark county. Colossal and unprecedented sale of ...

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, Hats, Caps and Furnishings.

The death of H. MARKS, late of the firm H. MARKS & CO., threw that immense stock on an already overstocked market. The court having proof of the insolvency of said firm, appointed Frank C. Sibila as receiver, with instructions to sell and sell at once. Our cash was ready, and after overcoming a few difficulties we secured the stock at—well a song. We must dispose of it at once. The selling must be quick and sharp, and prices, extremely low prices, will surely accomplish this. This sale will open.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 9 O'CLOCK. AND MUST BE ENTIRELY CLOSED OUT WITHIN 30 DAYS.

READ THE PRICES:

Children's Short Pant Suits (ages 4 to 8), 492 suits to select from, former prices \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00, our present prices in plain figures.....	40, 50 and 75 cents per suit.
Boys' Long Pant Suits (ages 9 to 15), suits that sold at \$3.00, \$4.50 and \$6.00 in this sale at.....	\$1.50 and \$2.00
Neckwear in Tecks and 4-in-Hand styles, at.....	15 cents
Men's and Boys Kentucky Jean Pants, at.....	40 cents

READ THE PRICES:

Men's Cashimere Pants that sold formerly at \$2, \$3, \$4, this sale \$1.50	
Children's Knee Pants at.....	10c per pair
Tower's Fish Brand Oiled Clothing at.....	95c per garment
Trunks, Valises, Rubber Coats, Overalls, Overshirts, White and Colored Shirts, Sox, in fact everything usually found in a first-class clothing store, will be sold at ridiculously low prices.	

N. B.--Store Fixtures, Tables, Chairs, 2 Mirrors, 2 Show Cases, 1 Office Desk, 1 Fire Proof Safe, Counters, 1 Stove, Etc., for sale and must be sold within the next 30 days.

C. M. WHITMAN,

WANTED---at once---Ten Experienced Clothing Salesmen. ..AT H. MARKS & CO. STAND 12 SOUTH ERIE STREET, MASSILLON, OHIO.